# Comparison of Meal Pattern Requirements for Preschoolers and Grades K-12 in the National School Lunch Program (NSLP) and School Breakfast Program (SBP)

The U.S. Department of Agriculture's (USDA) meal patterns have different requirements for preschoolers (ages 1-4) and grades K-12 in the NSLP, SBP, and Seamless Summer Option (SSO) of the NSLP. The meal patterns for grades K-12 are defined by the regulations for the NSLP (7 CFR 210.10) and SBP (7 CFR 220.8). The requirements for preschoolers are defined by the USDA regulations below, which update the meal patterns for preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, SSO, and ASP.

- Final Rule (81 FR 24347): *Child and Adult Care Food Program: Meal Pattern Revisions Related to the Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010* (April 25, 2016): https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2016/04/25/2016-09412/child-and-adult-care-food-program-meal-pattern-revisions-related-to-the-healthy-hunger-free-kids-act
- Final Rule Corrections (81 FR 75671): CACFP Meal Pattern Revisions Related to the Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010 (November 1, 2016): https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2016/11/01/2016-26339/child-and-adult-care-food-program-meal-pattern-revisions-related-to-the-healthy-hunger-free-kids-act
- Final Rule (84 FR 50287): Delayed Implementation of Grains Ounce Equivalents in the Child and Adult Care Food Program (September 25, 2019): https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2019/09/25/2019-20808/delayed-implementation-of-grains-ounce-equivalents-in-the-child-and-adult-care-food-program

This document summarizes each program's meal pattern requirements for preschoolers and grades K-12, and provides applicable resources. School food authorities (SFAs) must ensure that all foods served in school meals meet the specific meal pattern requirements for each grade group. For information on the meal patterns for grades K-12, review the Connecticut State Department of Education's (CSDE) *Menu Planning Guide for School Meals for Grades K-12* and visit the CSDE's Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs webpage and Crediting Foods in School Nutrition Programs webpage. For information on the preschool meal patterns,



review the CSDE's Menu Planning Guide for School Meals for Grades K-12, Menu Planning Guide for Preschoolers in the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), School Breakfast Program (SBP), and Afterschool Snack Program (ASP), and visit the CSDE's Meal Patterns for Preschoolers in School Nutrition Programs webpage. For a comparison of the meal pattern requirements for preschoolers and grades K-12 in the Afterschool Snack Program (ASP) of the NSLP, see the CSDE's handout, Comparison of Meal Pattern Requirements for Preschoolers and Grades K-12 in the ASP.

**Note:** This information is subject to change as the USDA continues to issue policy guidance on the preschool meal patterns. The CSDE will notify NSLP and SBP sponsors when new guidance is available.

Connecticut State Department of Education • Revised March 2020 • Page 1 of 32

#### Serving the Same Foods to Preschoolers and Grades K-12 in the NSLP, SBP, and SSO

SFAs must consider the different meal pattern requirements when making menu planning and purchasing decisions for school meals. When SFAs serve the same foods to preschoolers and grades K-12, these foods must comply with whichever meal pattern requirements are stricter. The example below illustrate this requirement:

- The meal patterns for grades K-12 have stricter whole grain-rich (WGR) criteria than the meal patterns for preschoolers. Therefore, grain foods (excluding grain-based desserts) served to both groups must comply with the WGR criteria for grades K-12. For more information, see "Whole Grain-rich (WGR)" on page 19. **Note:** Grain-based desserts do not credit in the preschool meal patterns and cannot be served to preschoolers. For more information, see "Grain-based desserts" on page 22.
- The preschool meal patterns require a sugar limit for yogurt and breakfast cereals but the meal patterns for grades K-12 do not. Therefore, yogurt and breakfast cereals served to both groups must comply with the preschool sugar limits. For more information, see "Yogurt and Soy Yogurt" on page 10 and "Breakfast cereals: crediting" on page 23).

The only exceptions to these requirements are when SFAs choose to follow the K-5 meal pattern for preschoolers and grades K-5 who eat in the same service area at the same time; or the ASP K-12 meal pattern for preschoolers and grades K-12 who eat in the same service area at the same time.

#### Preschoolers and Grades K-5 Eating Together in the NSLP, SBP, and SSO

SFAs that serve meals to preschoolers and grades K-5 in the same service area at the same time may choose to follow the grade-appropriate meal patterns for each grade group (i.e., use the preschool meal patterns for ages 1-4 and the K-5 meal pattern for grades K-5) or serve the K-5 meal pattern to both grade groups. SFAs must follow the preschool meal patterns when meals are served to preschoolers in a different area or at a different time than K-5 students. The USDA only allows the option to serve the K-5 meal pattern to preschoolers when preschoolers are comingled with K-5 students during the meal service. The USDA strongly encourages schools to find ways to serve grade-appropriate meals to preschoolers and grades K-5 to best address their nutritional needs. For more information, see USDA Memo SP 37-2017: *Flexibility for Co-Mingled Preschool Meals: Questions and Answers.* 

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)
Meal pattern		-
Implementation timeline	• The new NSLP and SBP preschool meal patterns were effective <b>October 1, 2017</b> , except for grain ounce equivalents. The final rule indicated that grain ounce equivalents were effective on October 1, 2019. However, on July 1, 2019, the USDA issued proposed rule, <i>Delayed Implementation of Grains Ounce Equivalents in the Child and Adult Care Food Program</i> (84 FR 50287), which extends implementation to <b>October 1, 2021</b> .	<ul> <li>Not applicable. The current meal patterns for grades K-12 in the NLSP (7 CFR 210.10) and SBP (7 CFR 220.8) remain in effect.</li> <li>Resources</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Resources</li> <li>CSDE Operational Memorandum No. 13-16: Connecticut Procedures for Early Implementation of the New Meal Pattern Requirements for Preschoolers and Infants in the NSLP and SBP</li> <li>USDA Final Rule (81 FR 24347): CACFP Meal Pattern Revisions Related to the Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010</li> <li>USDA Final Rule Corrections (81 FR 75671): CACFP Meal Pattern Revisions Related to the Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010</li> <li>USDA Final Rule (84 FR 50287): Delayed Implementation of Grains Ounce Equivalents in the Child and Adult Care Food Program</li> <li>USDA Memo SP 30-2017 CACFP 13-2017: Transition Period for the Updated Child and Adult Care Food Program Meal Patterns and the Updated National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program Infant and Preschool Meal Patterns</li> </ul>	National School Lunch Program Regulations (7 CFR Part 210) School Breakfast Program Regulations (7 CFR 220.8)
Age groups	<ul> <li>Two age groups: ages 1-2 and ages 3-4</li> <li>When a 5-year-old is in preschool or a 4-year-old is in kindergarten, the SFA may continue to serve the appropriate meal pattern for that grade.</li> <li><b>Resources</b></li> <li>Breakfast Meal Pattern for Preschoolers (CSDE)</li> <li>Lunch Meal Pattern for Preschoolers (CSDE)</li> <li>USDA Memo SP 37-2017: Flexibility for Co-Mingled Preschool Meals: Questions and Answers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Three grade groups: grades K-5; grades 6-8; and grades 9-12</li> <li>Resources</li> <li>Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage)</li> <li>Menu Planning Guide for School Meals for Grades K-12 (CSDE)</li> </ul>

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)
Milk compone	nt	
Milk	<ul> <li>Age 1: Must serve unflavored whole milk.</li> <li>Ages 2-4: Must serve unflavored low-fat milk or unflavored fatfree milk.</li> <li>Milk variety: Not required. SFAs may serve one type of allowable milk to all preschoolers.</li> <li>State requirement: In addition to the USDA requirements, all milk served in public schools must meet the beverage requirements of Section 10-221q of the Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.). Milk cannot contain more than 4 grams of sugars per ounce. Products that meet federal and state requirements are included in list 16 on the CSDE's List of Acceptable Foods and Beverages webpage.</li> <li>Resources</li> <li>Beverage Requirements (CSDE webpage)</li> <li>List of Acceptable Foods and Beverages (CSDE webpage)</li> <li>Serving Milk in the CACFP (USDA)</li> <li>USDA Memo CACFP 17-2016: Nutrition Requirements for Fluid Milk and Fluid Milk Substitutions in the CACFP, Q&amp;As</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Allowable types of milk include low-fat milk (unflavored or flavored) and fat-free milk (unflavored or flavored).</li> <li>Milk variety: Must serve a variety of milk (at least two different choices of fat content or flavor). At least once choice must be unflavored.</li> <li>State requirement: In addition to USDA requirements, all milk served in public schools must meet the beverage requirements of the Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.) Section 10-221q. Milk cannot contain more than 4 grams of sugars per ounce. Products that meet federal and state requirements are included in list 16 on the CSDE's List of Acceptable Foods and Beverages webpage.</li> <li>Resources</li> <li>Beverage Requirements (CSDE webpage)</li> <li>CSDE Operational Memorandum No. 06-19: Summary of Federal and State Milk Requirements for the NSLP, SBP, SSO of the NSLP, ASP of the NSLP, and Special Milk Program (SMP)</li> <li>List of Acceptable Foods and Beverages (CSDE webpage)</li> <li>USDA Memo SP 18-2018 and CACFP 13-2018: Child Nutrition Programs' Flexibilities for School Year 2018-2019</li> </ul>

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)
Milk compone	ent, continued	
Nondairy milk substitutes for children without a disability	<ul> <li>Nondairy beverages that are nutritionally equivalent to cow's milk may be served to children with special dietary needs if requested in writing by a parent or guardian. The nutrition standards for fluid milk substitutes are defined by the regulations for the NSLP (7 CFR 210.10).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Nondairy beverages that are nutritionally equivalent to cow's milk may be served to children with special dietary needs if requested in writing by a parent or guardian. The nutrition standards for fluid milk substitutes are defined by the regulations for the NLSP (7 CFR 210.10).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Breastmilk meets the milk component and may be served in place of fluid milk. A written request is not required.</li> <li>SFAs cannot offer any other beverages (including water and</li> </ul>	• SFAs cannot offer any other beverages (including water and juice) in place of milk for reimbursable meals in the NSLP and SBP.
	juice) in place of milk for reimbursable meals in the NSLP and SBP.	• <b>State requirement:</b> In addition to the USDA requirements, all nondairy milk substitutes served in public schools must meet the beverage requirements of C.G.S. Section 10-221q.
	• State requirement: In addition to the USDA requirements, all nondairy milk substitutes served in public schools must meet the beverage requirements of C.G.S. Section 10-221q. Nondairy milk substitutes must contain no more than 4 grams of sugar per fluid ounce, no more than 35 percent of calories from fat, and no more than 10 percent of calories from saturated fat. Products that meet federal and state requirements are included in list 17 on the CSDE's List of Acceptable Foods and Beverages webpage.	Nondairy milk substitutes must contain no more than 4 grams of sugar per fluid ounce, no more than 35 percent of calories from fat, and no more than 10 percent of calories from saturated fat. Products that meet federal and state requirements are included in list 17 on the CSDE's List of Acceptable Foods and Beverages webpage. <b>Resources</b>
	<ul> <li>Resources</li> <li>Accommodating Special Diets in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE)</li> <li>Allowable Milk Substitutes for Children without Disabilities in the USDA School Nutrition Programs (CSDE)</li> <li>Beverage Requirements (CSDE webpage)</li> <li>List of Acceptable Foods and Beverages (CSDE webpage)</li> <li>USDA Memo CACFP 17-2016: Nutrition Requirements for Fluid Milk and Fluid Milk Substitutions in the CACFP, Q&amp;As</li> <li>USDA Memo SP 07-2010, CACFP 04-2010 and SFSP 05-2010: Questions and Answers: Fluid Milk Substitutions</li> </ul>	Accommodating Special Diets in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE) Allowable Milk Substitutes for Children without Disabilities in the USDA School Nutrition Programs (CSDE) Beverage Requirements (CSDE webpage) List of Acceptable Foods and Beverages (CSDE webpage) USDA Memo SP 07-2010, CACFP 04-2010 and SFSP 05-2010: Questions and Answers: Fluid Milk Substitutions

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)
Meat/meat alt	ernates component	
Serving size	<ul> <li>The meal pattern lists the meat/meat alternates component in ounces. A 1-ounce serving of the meat/meat alternates component equals: <ul> <li>1 ounce of lean meat, poultry, or fish;</li> <li>1 ounce of cheese (low-fat recommended);</li> <li>2 ounces of cottage or ricotta cheese, cheese food/spread, or cheese substitute (low-fat recommended);</li> <li>'4 cup of cooked beans and peas (legumes), e.g., kidney beans, chick peas (garbanzo beans), lentils, and split peas;</li> <li>'2 large egg;</li> <li>2 tablespoons of nut or seed butters, e.g., peanut butter, almond butter, cashew butter, and sunflower seed butter;</li> <li>1 ounce of nuts or seeds, e.g., almonds, Brazil nuts, cashews, filberts, macadamia nuts, peanuts, pecans, pine nuts, pistachios, soy nuts, and walnuts;</li> <li>'4 cup (2.2 ounces) of commercial tofu containing at least 5 grams of protein;</li> <li>1 ounce of tempeh (Note: Ingredients must be limited to soybeans (or other legumes), water, tempeh culture, and for some varieties, vinegar, seasonings, and herbs. If a tempeh product contains other ingredients, SFAs must obtain a CN label or PFS to document crediting.);</li> <li>3 ounces of surimi;</li> <li>'/2 cup (volume) or 4 ounces (weight) of yogurt or soy yogurt containing no more than 3.83 grams of sugars per ounce; and</li> <li>1 ounce of alternate protein product (APP) that meets the USDA's APP requirements.</li> </ul></li></ul>	<ul> <li>The meal pattern lists the meat/meat alternates component in ounce equivalents. A 1-ounce equivalent serving of the meat/meat alternates component equals: <ul> <li>1 ounce of lean meat, poultry, or fish;</li> <li>1 ounce of cheese (low-fat recommended);</li> <li>2 ounces of cottage or ricotta cheese, cheese food/spread, or cheese substitute (low-fat recommended);</li> <li>'4 cup of cooked beans and peas (legumes), e.g., kidney beans, chick peas (garbanzo beans), lentils, and split peas;</li> <li>'/a large egg;</li> <li>2 tablespoons of nut or seed butters, e.g., peanut butter, almond butter, cashew butter, and sunflower seed butter;</li> <li>1 ounce of nuts or seeds, e.g., almonds, Brazil nuts, cashews, filberts, macadamia nuts, peanuts, pecans, pine nuts, pistachios, soy nuts, and walnuts;</li> <li>'/4 cup (2.2 ounces) of commercial tofu containing at least 5 grams of protein;</li> <li>1 ounce of tempeh (Note: Ingredients must be limited to soybeans (or other legumes), water, tempeh culture, and for some varieties, vinegar, seasonings, and herbs. If a tempeh product contains other ingredients, SFAs must obtain a CN label or PFS to document crediting.);</li> <li>3 ounces of surimi;</li> <li>'/2 cup (volume) or 4 ounces (weight) of yogurt or soy yogurt; and</li> <li>1 ounce of alternate protein product (APP) that meets the USDA's APP requirements.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)
Meat/meat al	ternates component, continued	
Serving size, continued	<ul> <li>Note: The serving size of the meat/meat alternates component refers to the edible portion of cooked lean meat, poultry, or fish, e.g., cooked lean meat without bone, breading, binders, extenders, or other ingredients. A serving of the meat/meat alternates component is sometimes more than a measured ounce, depending on the food's density and nutrition content.</li> <li>Resources</li> <li>Preschool Lunch Meal Pattern (CSDE)</li> <li>USDA Memo SP 25-2019, CACFP 12-2019 and SFSP 11-2019: Crediting Tempeh in the Child Nutrition Programs</li> <li>USDA Memo SP 24-2019, CACFP 11-2019 and SFSP 10-2019, CACFP 11-2019 and SFSP 10-2019, CACFP 11-2019 and SFSP 10-2019, CACFP 11-2019. Crediting Surimi Seafood in the Child Nutrition Programs</li> <li>USDA Webinar: Additional Meat/Meat Alternates Options for CNPs: Crediting Tempeh and Surimi</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Note: The serving size of the meat/meat alternates component refers to the edible portion of cooked lean meat, poultry, or fish, e.g., cooked lean meat without bone, breading, binders, extenders, or other ingredients. A serving of the meat/meat alternates component is sometimes more than a measured ounce, depending on the food's density and nutrition content.</li> <li>Resources</li> <li>Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage)</li> <li>USDA Memo SP 25-2019, CACFP 12-2019 and SFSP 11-2019: Crediting Tempeh in the Child Nutrition Programs</li> <li>USDA Memo SP 24-2019, CACFP 11-2019 and SFSP 10-2019: Crediting Surimi Seafood in the Child Nutrition Programs</li> <li>USDA Webinar: Additional Meat/Meat Alternates Options for CNPs: Crediting Tempeh and Surimi</li> </ul>

Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)
ternates component, continued	
• No weekly minimums or maximums for the meat/meat alternates component.	<ul> <li>Breakfast: No weekly minimums or maximums for the meat/meat alternates component.</li> <li>Lunch: The lunch meal pattern has weekly ranges for meat/meat alternates. Menus are not required to comply with the maximums but must meet the minimums and stay within the weekly calorie range for each age group. The weekly maximum provides a guide for planning age-appropriate meals that meet the dietary specifications for calories, saturated fat, and sodium (see "Dietary Specifications" on page 27).         <ul> <li>Five-day Lunch for Grades K-5: 8-10 servings per week</li> <li>Five-day Lunch for Grades 6-8: 9-10 servings per week</li> <li>Seven-day Lunch for Grades 6-8: 12.0-12 servings per week</li> <li>Seven-day Lunch for Grades 6-8: 12.5-14 servings per week</li> <li>Seven-day Lunch for Grades 9-12: 14-17 servings per week</li> <li>Seven-day Lunch for Grades 9-12: 14-17 servings per week</li> <li>Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>ternates component, <i>continued</i></li> <li>No weekly minimums or maximums for the meat/meat</li> </ul>

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	
Meat/meat al	Meat/meat alternates component, continued		
Meat/meat alternates at breakfast	<ul> <li>The SBP meal pattern does not require the meat/meat alternates component.</li> <li>SFAs may substitute the meat/meat alternates component for the entire grains component at breakfast up to three times per week (regardless of the number of days in the week).</li> <li>SFAs may serve meat/meat alternates as extra foods.</li> <li>Resources</li> <li>Meal Patterns for Preschoolers in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage)</li> <li>Menu Planning Guide for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP (CSDE)</li> <li>Serving Meat and Meat Alternates at Breakfast (USDA)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The SBP meal pattern does not require the meat/meat alternates component. SFAs may substitute 1 ounce equivalent of the meat/meat alternates component for 1 ounce equivalent of the grains component at breakfast, after offering the minimum daily 1 ounce equivalent of grains.</li> <li>Meat/meat alternates substituted for grains at breakfast count toward the weekly grain minimum for each age group (see "Weekly Ranges for Grains" on page 18).</li> <li>SFAs may serve meat/meat alternates as extra foods within the dietary specifications for the weekly menu (see "Dietary Specifications" on page 27).</li> <li>Resources</li> <li>Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage)</li> <li>Menu Planning Guide for School Meals for Grades K-12 (CSDE)</li> </ul>	
Surimi	<ul> <li>A 3-ounce serving of surimi credits as 1 ounce of the meat/meat alternates component. To credit surimi seafood differently, SFAs must obtain a CN label or manufacturer's PFS that documents how the crediting is determined.</li> <li>Resources</li> <li>USDA Memo SP 24-2019, CACFP 11-2019 and SFSP 10-2019: Crediting Surimi Seafood in the Child Nutrition Programs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A 3-ounce serving of surimi credits as 1 ounce equivalent of the meat/meat alternates component. To credit surimi seafood differently, SFAs must obtain a CN label or manufacturer's PFS that documents how the crediting is determined.</li> <li>Resources</li> <li>USDA Memo SP 24-2019, CACFP 11-2019 and SFSP 10-2019: Crediting Surimi Seafood in the Child Nutrition Programs.</li> </ul>	

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)
Tempeh	• 1-ounce serving of tempeh credits as 1 ounce of the meat/meat alternates component. This method of crediting applies only to tempeh products whose ingredients are limited to soybeans (or other legumes), water, tempeh culture, and for some varieties, vinegar, seasonings, and herbs. If a tempeh product contains other ingredients, SFAs must obtain a CN label or PFS to document crediting.	• 1-ounce serving of tempeh credits as 1 ounce equivalent of the meat/meat alternates component. This method of crediting applies only to tempeh products whose ingredients are limited to soybeans (or other legumes), water, tempeh culture, and for some varieties, vinegar, seasonings, and herbs. If a tempeh product contains other ingredients, SFAs must obtain a CN label or PFS to document crediting.
	<b>Resources</b> USDA Memo SP 25-2019, CACFP 12-2019 and SFSP 11-2019: <i>Crediting Tempeh in the Child Nutrition Programs.</i>	<b>Resources</b> USDA Memo SP 25-2019, CACFP 12-2019 and SFSP 11-2019: Crediting Tempeh in the Child Nutrition Programs.
Tofu and tofu products	<ul> <li>Tofu and tofu products credit as 1 ounce of the meat/meat alternates component if they contain 5 grams of protein in 2.2 ounces by weight (¼ cup).</li> </ul>	• Tofu and tofu products credit as 1 ounce of the meat/meat alternates component if they contain 5 grams of protein in 2.2 ounces by weight (¼ cup).
	<ul> <li>Resources</li> <li>Crediting Tofu and Tofu Products in the NSLP and SBP (CSDE)</li> <li>USDA Memo SP 53-2016 and CACFP 21-2016: Crediting Tofu and Soy Yogurt Products in the School Meal Programs and the CACFP</li> </ul>	Resources Crediting Tofu and Tofu Products in the NSLP and SBP (CSDE) USDA Memo SP 53-2016 and CACFP 21-2016: Crediting Tofu and Soy Yogurt Products in the School Meal Programs and the CACFP
Yogurt and soy yogurt	<ul> <li>Sugar limit: No more than 23 grams of total sugars per 6 ounces (≤3.83 grams per ounce).</li> <li>Resources</li> <li>Calculating Sugar Limits for Yogurt in the CACFP (USDA)</li> <li>Choose Yogurts that are Lower in Added Sugars (USDA)</li> <li>Crediting Yogurt for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP (CSDE)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No sugar limit.</li> <li>Note: If SFAs serve the same yogurt or soy yogurt to preschoolers and grades K-12, these foods must comply with the preschool sugar limit for yogurt and soy yogurt. The exception is when SFAs choose to follow the K-5 meal pattern for preschoolers and grades K-5 who eat in the same service area at the same time (see "Preschoolers and grades K-5 eating together in the NSLP, SBP, and SSO" on page 2).</li> </ul>

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)
Vegetables co	mponent and fruits component	
Components	<ul> <li>Breakfast: Vegetables and fruits are one component at breakfast. Schools may serve vegetables, fruits, or both.</li> <li>Lunch: Vegetables and fruits are two separate components at lunch.</li> <li>Resources</li> <li>USDA Memo CACFP 09-2017: Vegetable and Fruit Requirements in the Child and Adult Care Food Program; Questions and Answers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Breakfast: The SBP meal pattern requires the fruits component. SFAs may substitute vegetables from the dark green, red/orange, legumes, and "other" subgroups for the fruits component at any breakfast. SFAs may offer starchy vegetables, such as hash-brown potatoes, only if the weekly menu includes at least 2 cups of nonstarchy vegetables.</li> <li>Lunch: Vegetables and fruits are two separate components at lunch.</li> </ul>
Vegetable subgroups	<ul> <li>Breakfast: No requirement.</li> <li>Lunch: No requirement.</li> <li>Note: The USDA's <i>CACFP Best Practices</i> recommends at least one serving per week of dark green vegetables, red and orange vegetables, beans and peas (legumes), starchy vegetables, and other vegetables. For more information, see <i>Vegetable Subgroups in the CACFP</i>.</li> <li>Resources</li> <li>CACFP Best Practices (USDA)</li> <li>Vegetable Subgroups in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>USDA Memo CACFP 25-2016: Vegetable and Fruit Requirements in the Child and Adult Care Food Program; Questions and Answers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Breakfast: No requirement.</li> <li>Lunch: SFAs must offer specific amounts of the five vegetable subgroups each week, including dark green vegetables, red/orange vegetables, beans and peas, starchy vegetables, and other vegetables. For more information, see the CSDE's handout, <i>Vegetable Subgroups in the NSLP</i>.</li> <li>Resources         Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage)         Vegetable Subgroups in the NSLP (CSDE)     </li> </ul>
Crediting vegetables and fruits	<ul> <li>Dried fruit credits as twice the amount served, e.g., 1/4 cup of dried fruit equals 1/2 cup of the fruits component.</li> <li>Raw leafy greens credit as half the amount served, e.g., 1 cup of raw leafy greens equals 1/2 cup of the vegetables component.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Dried fruit credits as twice the amount served, e.g., <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> cup of dried fruit equals <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> cup of the fruits component.</li> <li>Raw leafy greens credit as half the amount served, e.g., 1 cup of raw leafy greens equals <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> cup of the vegetables component.</li> </ul>

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)
Vegetables co	mponent and fruits component	
Coconut	• Fresh and frozen coconut credit as the fruits component based on the volume served. For example, <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> cup of fresh or frozen coconut credits as <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> cup of the fruits component. The minimum serving size is <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> cup.	• Fresh and frozen coconut credit as the fruits component based on the volume served. For example, <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> cup of fresh or frozen coconut credits as <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> cup of the fruits component. The minimum serving size is <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> cup.
	<ul> <li>Dried coconut credits the same as other dried fruit, i.e., as twice the volume served (see "Crediting vegetables and fruits" on page 11).</li> <li>Menu planners should consider coconut's high caloric and saturated fat content, which may limit its frequency in preschool menus. Coconut flour, coconut oil, and coconut milk do not credit.</li> <li>Juices labeled as 100 percent juice, including coconut water, credit toward the fruits component based on the volume served. SFAs must count coconut water with all other juices toward the preschool juice limit.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Dried coconut credits the same as other dried fruit, i.e., as twice the volume served (see "Crediting vegetables and fruits" on page 11).</li> <li>Menu planners should consider coconut's high caloric and saturated fat content, which may limit its frequency in school menus due to the dietary specifications for calories and saturated fat. Coconut flour, coconut oil, and coconut milk do not credit.</li> <li>Juices labeled as 100 percent juice, including coconut water, credit toward the fruits component based on the volume served. SFAs must count coconut water with all other juices toward the weekly juice limit.</li> </ul>
	Resources USDA Memo SP 34-2019, CACFP 15-2019 and SFSP 15-2019: Crediting Coconut, Hominy, Corn Masa, and Masa Harina in the Child Nutrition Programs:	USDA Memo SP 34-2019, CACFP 15-2019 and SFSP 15-2019: Crediting Coconut, Hominy, Corn Masa, and Masa Harina in the Child Nutrition Programs:

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)
Vegetables co	mponent and fruits component, continued	
Full-strength (100%) juice	<ul> <li>Juice limit: Juice may count toward the entire vegetables component or fruits component at only one meal or snack per day, between all meals (NSLP and SBP) and snacks (ASP) served to preschoolers.</li> <li>The juice limit includes all sources of 100 percent juice, including juice that is fresh, frozen, and made from concentrate, frozen pops made from 100 percent juice, pureed fruits and vegetables in smoothies, and juice from canned fruit in 100 percent juice.</li> <li>The juice from canned fruit counts toward the weekly juice limit only if the SFA credits the juice toward the fruits component. Juice from canned fruit does not count toward the weekly juice limit if the SFA plans the juice as an extra food that does not credit toward the meal patterns. For example, the juice from canned fruit does not count toward the weekly juice limit if food service personnel portion ½ cup of canned fruit and canned fruit in light syrup or water do not count toward the juice limit.</li> <li><b>Resources</b></li> <li>Crediting Juice for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP (CSDE)</li> <li>USDA Memo SP 40-2019, CACFP 17-2019 and SFSP 17-2019: Crediting of Smoothies in Child Nutrition Programs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fruit juice limit at lunch: Fruit juice cannot exceed half of the weekly amount (cups) of fruits offered at lunch.</li> <li>Vegetable juice limit at lunch: Vegetable juice cannot exceed half of the weekly amount (cups) of vegetables offered at lunch</li> <li>Juice limit at breakfast: Fruit juice together with vegetable juice (including fruit/vegetable juice blends) cannot exceed half of the total amount (cups) of fruits and vegetables offered at breakfast during the week</li> <li>The juice limit includes all sources of 100 percent juice, including juice that is fresh, frozen, and made from concentrate, frozen pops made from 100 percent juice, pureed fruits and vegetables in smoothies, and juice from canned fruit no 100 percent juice.</li> <li>The juice from canned fruit counts toward the weekly juice limit only if the SFA credits the juice toward the fruits component. Juice from canned fruit does not count toward the weekly juice limit if the SFA plans the juice as an extra food that does not credit toward the meal patterns. For example, the juice from canned fruit does not count toward the juice <i>after</i> measuring the full ½-cup serving of fruit. Drained canned fruit and canned fruit in 101 by or water do not count toward the juice limit.</li> <li>Resources</li> <li>Crediting Juice for Grades K-12 in the NSLP and SBP (CSDE)</li> <li>Crediting Smoothies for Grades K-12 in the NSLP and SBP (CSDE)</li> <li>USDA Memo SP 40-2019, CACFP 17-2019 and SFSP 17-2019: Crediting of Smoothies in Child Nutrition Programs</li> </ul>

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)
Grains compor	nent	
Creditable grains	<ul> <li>Creditable grains are whole grains, enriched grains, bran, and germ. For more information, see the CSDE's handouts, <i>How to Identify Creditable Grains for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP, Crediting Whole Grains in the NSLP and SBP, Whole Grainrich Criteria for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP, and Crediting Enriched Grains in the NSLP and SBP.</i></li> <li>Corn ingredients credit if they are whole grain, enriched, or treated with lime (nixtamalized). Nixtamalization is a process in which dried corn is soaked and cooked in an alkaline (slaked lime) solution. This process increases the bioavailability of certain nutrients and provides a nutritional profile similar to whole-grain corn. Ingredients labeled as hominy, corn masa, or masa harina are nixtamalized, and therefore credit as whole grains. However, cornmeal and corn flour do not credit unless they are whole grain, enriched, or nixtamalized. If the product's ingredients statement does not provide sufficient information, SFAs must obtain a PFS from the manufacturer to document that cornmeal and corn flour ingredients meet one of these requirements.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Creditable grains are whole and enriched grains. Note: Bran and germ do not credit in the NSLP and SBP meal patterns for grades K-12. For more information, see the CSDE's handouts, <i>Whole Grain-ricb Criteria for Grades K-12 in the NSLP and SBP, Crediting Whole Grains in the NSLP and SBP</i> and <i>Crediting Enriched Grains in the NSLP and SBP</i>.</li> <li>Corn ingredients credit if they are whole grain, enriched, or treated with lime (nixtamalized). Nixtamalization is a process in which dried corn is soaked and cooked in an alkaline (slaked lime) solution. This process increases the bioavailability of certain nutrients and provides a nutritional profile similar to whole-grain corn. Ingredients labeled as hominy, corn masa, or masa harina are nixtamalized, and therefore credit as whole grains. However, cornmeal and corn flour do not credit unless they are whole grain, enriched, or nixtamalized. If the product's ingredients statement does not provide sufficient information, SFAs must obtain a PFS from the manufacturer to document that cornmeal and corn flour ingredients count toward the limit for noncreditable grains under the WGR criteria (see "WGR Criteria" on page 19).</li> </ul>

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)
Grains component, continued		
Creditable grains, continued	<ul> <li>Resources</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 1: Crediting Commercial Grains in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 2: Crediting Ready-to-eat (RTE) Breakfast Cereals in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 3: Crediting Cooked Breakfast Cereals in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 4: Crediting Family-size Recipes for Grains in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 5: Crediting Quantity Recipes for Grains in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 5: Crediting Quantity Recipes for Grains in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Crediting Enriched Grains in the NSLP and SBP (CSDE)</li> <li>Crediting Whole Grains in the NSLP and SBP (CSDE)</li> <li>How to Identify Creditable Grains for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP (CSDE)</li> <li>Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Ounce Equivalents (effective October 1, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Ounce Equivalents (effective October 1, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA)</li> </ul>	Resources Crediting Enriched Grains in the NSLP and SBP (CSDE) Crediting Whole Grains in the NSLP and SBP (CSDE) Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Ounce Equivalents (USDA) Sample Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Ounce Equivalents (USDA) USDA Memo SP 10-2012 (v9): Q&As on Final Rule "Nutrition Standards in the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs" USDA Memo SP 34-2019, CACFP 15-2019 and SFSP 15-2019: Crediting Coconut, Hominy, Corn Masa, and Masa Harina in the Child Nutrition Programs Whole Grain-rich Criteria for Grades K-12 in the NSLP and SBP (CSDE)

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)
Grains compos	nent, continued	
Serving sizes	<ul> <li>The meal pattern lists the grains component in servings through September 30, 2021 (preschool amount is ½ serving), and changes to ounce equivalents effective October 1, 2021(preschool amount is ½ ounce equivalent). SFAs have two options for calculating the ounce equivalents for creditable commercial products and foods made on site. Method 1 uses the weight (groups A-G) or volume (groups H-I) for the appropriate grain group in the USDA's ounce equivalents chart. Method 2 calculates the total weight (grams) of creditable grains (whole and enriched) per serving.</li> </ul>	• The meal pattern lists the grains component in <b>ounce</b> <b>equivalents</b> . An ounce equivalent is the amount of food that meets the USDA's requirement for 1 ounce of the grains component in the NSLP and the SBP meal patterns. SFAs have two options for calculating the ounce equivalents for creditable commercial products and foods made on site. Method 1 uses the weight (groups A-G) or volume (groups H-I) for the appropriate grain group in the USDA's ounce equivalents chart. Method 2 calculates the total weight (grams) of creditable grains (whole and enriched) per serving.
	Method 1: The USDA's serving size and ounce equivalents charts provide minimum weights (groups A-E) and volumes (groups H-I) for nine groups of grain foods, based on the average grain content of similar products (see the CSDE's handouts, <i>Grain Servings for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and</i> <i>ASP</i> and <i>Grain Ounce Equivalents for Preschoolers in the NSLP,</i> <i>SBP, and ASP</i> ). Note: Groups F and G do not have minimum amounts because grain-based desserts do not credit in the	Method 1: The USDA's ounce equivalents chart provides minimum weights (groups A-G) and volumes (groups H-I) for nine groups of grain foods, based on the average grain content of similar products (see the CSDE's handout, <i>Grain Ounce</i> <i>Equivalents for Grades K-12 in the NSLP and SBP</i> ). The amount of a grain food that provides 1 ounce equivalent varies because different types of foods contain different amounts of creditable grains.
	preschool meal patterns.	Method 2: SFAs determine the ounce equivalents for creditable grain products and recipes by calculating the total weight (grams) of creditable grains (whole and enriched) per manufacturer's serving or recipe serving. A food in groups A-G of the USDA's ounce equivalents chart must contain 16 grams of creditable grains to credit as 1 ounce equivalent, and at least 8 grams of whole grains per ounce equivalent to be WGR. A food in groups H of the USDA's ounce equivalents chart must contain 28 grams of creditable grains to credit as 1 ounce equivalent, and at least 14 grams of whole grains per ounce equivalent to be WGR.

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)
Grains compone		
Serving sizes, continued	<ul> <li>Method 2: SFAs determine the ounce equivalents for creditable grain products and recipes by calculating the total weight (grams) of creditable grains (whole and enriched) per manufacturer's serving or recipe serving.</li> <li>Through September 30, 2021, a food in groups A-G of the USDA's grain servings chart must contain 14.75 grams of creditable grains to credit as one serving. A food in groups H of the USDA's ounce equivalents chart must contain 28 grams of creditable grains to credit as one serving.</li> <li>Effective October 1, 2021, a food in groups A-G of the USDA's ounce equivalents chart must contain 16 grams of creditable grains to credit as 1 ounce equivalent. A food in groups H of the USDA's ounce equivalent contain 16 grams of creditable grains to credit as 1 ounce equivalent. A food in groups H of the USDA's ounce equivalent contain 28 grams of creditable grains to credit as 1 ounce equivalent. The required preschool amount is ½ ounce equivalent. The required preschool amount is ½ ounce equivalent.</li> <li>Note: There are five situations when SFAs must use method 2. For information on these requirements and more information on both methods, see the CSDE's handout, <i>Calculation Methods for Grain Servings for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP</i>.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>contain 28 grams of creditable grains to credit as 1 ounce equivalent, and at least 14 grams of whole grains per ounce equivalent to be WGR. Note: There are six situations when SFAs must use method 2. For more information on both methods, see the CSDE's handout, <i>Calculation Methods for Grain Ounce Equivalents for Grades K-12 in the NSLP and SBP</i>.</li> <li>Note: There are six situations when SFAs must use method 2. For information on these requirements and more information on both methods, see the CSDE's handout, <i>Calculation Methods for Grain Ounce Equivalents for Grades K-12 in the NSLP and SBP</i>.</li> <li>Weekly Grain Servings: The meal pattern requires minimum weekly servings of the grains component for each age group at breakfast and lunch (see "Weekly Ranges for Grains" on page 18).</li> </ul>

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)
Grains compo	nent, continued	
Serving sizes, continued	<ul> <li>Resources</li> <li>Calculation Methods for Grain Servings for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP (CSDE)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 1: Crediting Commercial Grains in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 2: Crediting Ready-to-eat (RTE) Breakfast Cereals in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 3: Crediting Cooked Breakfast Cereals in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 4: Crediting Family-size Recipes for Grains in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 5: Crediting Quantity Recipes for Grains in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 5: Crediting Quantity Recipes for Grains in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 5: Crediting Quantity Recipes for Grains in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Grain Ounce Equivalents for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP (effective October 1, 2021)(CSDE)</li> <li>Grain Servings for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP (effective October 1, 2021)(CSDE)</li> <li>Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Ounce Equivalents (effective October 1, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servin</li></ul>	Resources Calculation Methods for Grain Ounce Equivalents for Grades K-12 in the NSLP and SBP (CSDE) Grain Ounce Equivalents for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE) Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage) Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Ounce Equivalents (USDA) Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Ounce Equivalents (USDA) USDA Memo SP 30-2012: Grain Requirements for the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program Whole Grain Resource for the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs (USDA)

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)
Grains compor	nent, continued	
Weekly ranges for grains	• No weekly minimums or maximums for grains.	• The meal patterns for breakfast and lunch have weekly ranges for grains. Menus are not required to comply with the maximums but must meet the minimums and stay within the weekly calorie range for each age group. The weekly maximum provides a guide for planning age-appropriate meals that meet the dietary specifications for calories, saturated fat, and sodium. For information on the dietary specifications, see the meal patterns for grades K-12 (available on the CSDE's Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs webpage) and section 6 of the CSDE's <i>Menu Planning Guide for School Meals for Grades K-12</i> .
		<ul> <li>Breakfast</li> <li>Five-day Breakfast for Grades K-5: 7-10 servings per week</li> <li>Five-day Breakfast for Grades 6-8: 8-10 servings per week</li> <li>Five-day Breakfast for Grades 9-12: 9-10 servings per week</li> <li>Seven-day Breakfast for Grades K-5: 10-14 servings per week</li> <li>Seven-day Breakfast for Grades 6-8: 11-14 servings per week</li> <li>Seven-day Breakfast for Grades 9-12: 12.5-14 servings per week</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Lunch <ul> <li>Five-day Lunch for Grades K-5: 8-9 servings per week</li> <li>Five-day Lunch for Grades 6-8: 8-10 servings per week</li> <li>Five-day Lunch for Grades 9-12: 10-12 servings per week</li> <li>Seven-day Lunch for Grades K-5: 11-12.5 servings per week</li> <li>Seven-day Lunch for Grades 6-8: 11-14 servings per week</li> <li>Seven-day Lunch for Grades 9-12: 14-17 servings per week</li> </ul> </li> <li>Resources Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage) Menu Planning Guide for School Meals for Grades K-12 (CSDE)</li></ul>

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	
Grains compo	Grains component, continued		
Whole grain- rich (WGR)	• All grain foods must be whole grain, WGR, or enriched. For more information, see the CSDE's handouts, <i>Crediting Whole Grains in the NSLP and SBP,</i> <i>Whole Grain-rich Criteria for Preschoolers in the NSLP,</i> <i>SBP, and ASP,</i> and <i>Crediting Enriched Grains in the</i> <i>NSLP and SBP.</i>	• Effective July 1, 2019, the USDA's final rule, <i>Child Nutrition Programs:</i> <i>Flexibilities for Milk, Whole Grains, and Sodium Requirements,</i> requires that at least half of the weekly grains offered in the NSLP and SBP must be WGR. Grains that are not WGR must be enriched. For more information on enriched grains, see the CSDE's handout, <i>Crediting Enriched Grains in the</i> <i>NSLP and SBP</i> .	
	<ul> <li><i>NSLP and SBP.</i></li> <li>At least one serving per day must be WGR, between all meals and ASP snacks served to preschoolers. The USDA's <i>CACFP Best Practices</i> recommends at least two servings of WGR grains per day.</li> <li>If the SFA serves preschoolers a WGR grain at breakfast or lunch, a WGR grain at ASP snack is not required. If the SFA only serves preschool snack, any grains served at snack must be WGR.</li> <li>A commercial food meets the preschool WGR criteria if a whole grain is listed as the first ingredient (or water is the first ingredient and a whole grain is the second ingredient), and the next two grain ingredients (if any) are whole, enriched, bran, or germ. A food made on site meets the preschool WGR criteria if a whole grain) is the greatest ingredient by weight in the SFA's standardized recipe. For more information, see the CSDE's handout, <i>Whole Grainrich Criteria for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP</i>, and USDA Memo CACFP 01-2018: <i>Grain Requirements in the CACFP: Questions and Answers.</i></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>NSLP and SBP.</li> <li>Previously, the NSLP and SBP meal patterns for grades K-12 required that all grains were WGR. The CSDE strongly encourages SFAs to continue to serve only WGR grains, and offer 100 percent whole grains most often. This provides the best nutrition for children. For information on the WGR criteria, see the CSDE's handout, <i>Whole Grain-rich Criteria for Grades K-12 in the NSLP and SBP</i> and the CSDE's guide, <i>Menu Planning Guide for School Meals for Grades K-12.</i></li> <li>SFAs that choose to offer enriched grains must document that at least half of the weekly grains offered at lunch and breakfast are WGR. SFAs must maintain this documentation on file for the Administrative Review of school nutrition programs. SFAs may calculate the menu's percentage of WGR grains using the CSDE's Excel worksheet, <i>Calculating Weekly Percentage of Whole Grain-rich Menu Items in the NSLP and SBP</i>. For more information, see CSDE Operational Memorandum No. 11-19: <i>Weekly Whole Grain-rich (WGR) Requirement for the NSLP and SBP Meal Patterns for Grades K-12.</i></li> <li>Note: The USDA's WGR definition for the meal patterns for grades K-12 in the NSLP, SBP, and SSO is different from the WGR definition for the preschool meal patterns. However, foods that meet the WGR criteria for the preschool meal patterns <i>may or may not</i> meet the WGR criteria for the NSLP and SBP meal patterns for grades K-12.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Preschool menus must document when a grain is WGR.</li> </ul>	grain foods to preschoolers and grades K-12, these foods must comply with the WGR criteria for grades K-12.	

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)		
Grains compo	Grains component, continued			
Whole grain- rich (WGR), continued	<ul> <li>Best practice: Serve only WGR grains and serve 100 percent whole grains most often.</li> <li>Note: The USDA's WGR definition for preschool meals in the NSLP, SBP, SSO, and ASP is different from the WGR definition for the meal patterns for grades K-12 in the NSLP, SBP, and SSO, because it does not require a specific limit for noncreditable grains. Grain foods (excluding grain-based desserts) that meet the WGR criteria for the preschool meal patterns <i>may or may not</i> meet the WGR criteria for the NSLP and SBP meal patterns for grades K-12. If SFAs serve the same grain foods to preschoolers and grades K-12, these foods must comply with the WGR criteria for grades K-12.</li> <li>Resources</li> <li>Adding Whole Grains to Your CACFP Menu (USDA)</li> <li>CACFP Best Practices (USDA)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 1: Crediting Commercial Grains in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 3: Crediting Family-size Recipes for Grains in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 4: Crediting Family-size Recipes for Grains in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 5: Crediting Quantity Recipes for Grains in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 5: Crediting Quantity Recipes for Grains in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 5: Crediting Quantity Recipes for Grains in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 5: Crediting Camily size Recipes for Grains in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Crediting Whole Grains in the NSLP and SBP (CSDE)</li> <li>Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Ounce Equivalents (effective October 1, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formula</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Resources</li> <li>Calculating Weekly Percentage of Whole Grain-rich Menu Items in the NSLP and SBP (CSDE)</li> <li>Crediting Enriched Grains in the NSLP and SBP (CSDE)</li> <li>Crediting Whole Grains in the NSLP and SBP (CSDE)</li> <li>CSDE Operational Memorandum No. 11-19: Weekly Whole Grain-rich (WGR) Requirement for the NSLP and SBP Meal Patterns for Grades K-12</li> <li>Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Ounce Equivalents (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Ounce Equivalents (USDA)</li> <li>Tools for Schools: Serving WGR (USDA website)</li> <li>USDA Final Rule (83 FR 63775): Child Nutrition Programs: Flexibilities for Milk, Whole Grains, and Sodium Requirements</li> <li>USDA Memo SP 30-2012: Grain Requirements for the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program</li> <li>Whole Grain Resource for the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs (USDA)</li> <li>Whole Grain-rich Criteria for Grades K-12 in the NSLP and SBP (CSDE)</li> </ul>		

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)			
Grains compon	Grains component, continued				
Products containing only enriched grains (without any whole grains), e.g., enriched white bread, enriched crackers, enriched white rice, enriched crean of wheat cereal, and enriched corn grits	<ul> <li>Products that contain only enriched grains (without any whole grains) credit as the grains component if the SFA offers at least one WGR food per day, between all meals and snacks served to preschoolers.</li> <li><b>Resources</b> Crediting Enriched Grains in the NSLP and SBP (CSDE) How to Identify Creditable Grains for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP (CSDE) Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA) Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Ounce Equivalents (effective October 1, 2021) (USDA) Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA) Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA) Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA) Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Servings (through September 30, 2021) (USDA) USDA Memo CACFP 09-2018: Grain Requirements in the Child and Adult Care Food Program; Questions and Answers Whole Grain-rich Criteria for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP (CSDE)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Effective July 1, 2019, the USDA's final rule, <i>Child Nutrition</i> <i>Programs: Flexibilities for Milk, Whole Grains, and Sodium Requirements,</i> allows products that contain only enriched grains, but requires that at least half of the weekly grains offered in the NSLP and SBP must be WGR.</li> <li><b>Resources</b></li> <li>Crediting Enriched Grains in the NSLP and SBP (CSDE)</li> <li>Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Ounce Equivalents (USDA)</li> <li>Sample Completed Product Formulation Statement for Grains: Ounce Equivalents (USDA)</li> <li>USDA Memo SP 10-2012 (v9): Q&amp;As on Final Rule "Nutrition Standards in the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs"</li> <li>Whole Grain-rich Criteria for Grades K-12 in the NSLP and SBP (CSDE)</li> </ul>			

#### Requirement Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO) Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO) Grains component, continued Grain-based Breakfast and lunch: Except for sweet crackers such as Breakfast: No restrictions. • ٠ desserts graham crackers and animal crackers, grain-based desserts Lunch: SFAs may offer up to 2 ounce equivalents of grain-based ٠ cannot credit. As a best practice, the USDA encourages desserts per week as part of the grains component at lunch. preschool menus to limit sweet crackers because of their higher sugar content. The CSDE recommends not serving WGR grain-based desserts served as an extra menu item at lunch • sweet crackers more than twice per week between all must count toward the minimum daily and weekly servings of the preschool meals and snacks. grains component, including the weekly limit of no more than 2 ounce equivalents of grain-based desserts, and must fit within the Note: Examples of grain-based desserts include brownies, weekly dietary specifications (see "Dietary Specifications" on cookies, sweet pie crusts, doughnuts, cereal bars, granola bars, page 27). breakfast bars, sweet rolls, pastries, toaster pastries, sweet scones (e.g., blueberry, raisin, and orange cranberry) cake, Note: Grain-based desserts are designated with the footnote 1 or • brownies, rice pudding, and sweet bread pudding. Grain-based 2 in the CSDE's handout, Grain Ounce Equivalents for Grades K-12 desserts do not include muffins, quick breads (such as banana in School Nutrition Programs. Examples of sweet snack foods bread and zucchini bread), cornbread, pancakes, waffles, include grain-based desserts such as cookies, sweet crackers (e.g., French toast, and savory scones (such as cheese and herb). graham and animal crackers), sweet pie crusts, doughnuts, cereal bars, granola bars, breakfast bars, sweet rolls, pastries, toaster Resources pastries, sweet scones (e.g., blueberry, raisin, and orange Grain Ounce Equivalents for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and cranberry) cake, brownies, rice pudding, and sweet bread ASP (effective October 1,2021)(CSDE) pudding. Grain-based desserts do not include muffins, quick Grain Servings for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP breads (such as banana bread and zucchini bread), cornbread, (through September 30, 2021) (CSDE) pancakes, waffles, French toast, and savory scones (such as Grain-Based Desserts in the CACFP (USDA) cheese and herb). USDA Memo CACFP 16-2017: Grain-Based Desserts in the Child and Adult Care Food Program Resources USDA Memo CACFP 09-2018: Grain Requirements in the Child Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE and Adult Care Food Program; Questions and Answers webpage) USDA Memo SP 30-2012: Grain Requirements for the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program Grain Ounce Equivalents for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition **Programs** CSDE)

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)
Grains compo	nent, continued	
Breakfast cereals: crediting	<ul> <li>Breakfast cereals must be WGR, enriched, or fortified. SFAs may serve WGR breakfast cereals to meet the daily WGR requirement (see "Whole grain-Rich (WGR)" on page 19). For more information, see the CSDE's handout, <i>Crediting Breakfast Cereals for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP.</i></li> <li>RTE breakfast cereals meet the preschool WGR criteria if the first ingredient is a whole grain and the cereal is fortified.</li> <li>Cooked cereals (regular and instant) meet the preschool WGR criteria if the first ingredient (or second after water) is a whole grain, and the next two grain ingredients (if any) are whole grains, enriched grains, bran, or germ.</li> <li>Note: The USDA's WGR definition for the NSLP and SBP meal patterns for grades K-1 2 is different from the WGR definition for the preschool meal patterns. Cooked breakfast cereals that meet the WGR criteria for grades K-12 meet the WGR criteria for grades K-12. If SFAs serve the same cooked cereals to preschoolers and grades K-12, these foods must comply with the WGR criteria for grades K-12.</li> <li>Sugar limit: Breakfast cereals (RTE and cooked) cannot contain more than 6 grams of sugar per dry ounce (≤ 21.2 grams of sucrose and other sugars per 100 grams of dry cereal).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Breakfast cereals must be WGR, enriched, or fortified. For more information, see the CSDE's handout, <i>Crediting Breakfast Cereals for Grades K-12 in the NSLP</i></li> <li><b>RTE breakfast cereals</b> meet the WGR criteria for grades K-12 if a whole grain is the first ingredient and the cereal is fortified. Fortification is not required for 100 whole grain cereals. The limit for noncreditable grains does not apply to fortified RTE breakfast cereals that contain a whole grain as the first ingredient</li> <li><b>Cooked cereals</b> meet the WGR criteria for grades K-12 if the first ingredient (or second after water) is a whole grain; any other grain ingredients are enriched; and the combined weight of any noncreditable grains does not exceed 6.99 grams. Examples of cereal grains in group H include amaranth, buckwheat, cornmeal, corn grits, farina, kasha, millet, oats, quinoa, wheat berries, and rolled wheat.</li> <li><b>Note:</b> The USDA's WGR definition for the preschool meal patterns is different from the WGR definition for the NSLP and SBP meal patterns for grades K-12. If SFAs serve the same cooked breakfast cereals to preschoolers and grades K-12, the breakfast cereals must comply with the WGR criteria for grades K-12.</li> <li><b>Sugar limit</b>: None. However, if SFAs serve the same breakfast cereals must comply with the preschool sugar limit. The exception is when SFAs choose to follow the K-5 meal pattern for preschoolers and grades K-12, the SEAs serve the same breakfast cereals to preschoolers and grades K-12, the set for spades K-5 who eat in the same service area at the same time (see "Preschoolers and Grades K-5 Eating Together in the NSLP, SBP, and SSO" on page 2).</li> </ul>

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)
Grains compo	nent, continued	
Breakfast cereals: crediting, continued	<ul> <li>Resources</li> <li>Calculating Sugar Limits for Breakfast Cereals in the CACFP (USDA)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 2: Crediting Ready-to-eat (RTE) Breakfast Cereals in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Child Care Worksheet 3: Crediting Cooked Breakfast Cereals in the CACFP (CSDE)</li> <li>Choose Breakfast Cereals that are Lower in Added Sugars (USDA)</li> <li>Crediting Breakfast Cereals for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP (CSDE)</li> <li>Grain Ounce Equivalents for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP (effective October 1,2021)(CSDE)</li> <li>Grain Servings for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP (through September 30, 2021) (CSDE)</li> <li>How to Identify Creditable Grains for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP (CSDE)</li> <li>USDA Memo CACFP 09-2018: Grain Requirements in the Child and Adult Care Food Program; Questions and Answers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No sugar limit. However, if SFAs serve the same breakfast cereals to preschoolers and grades K-12, the breakfast cereals must comply with the preschool sugar limit. The exception is when SFAs choose to follow the K-5 meal pattern for preschoolers and grades K-5 who eat in the same service area at the same time (see "Preschoolers and Grades K-5 Eating Together in the NSLP, SBP, and SSO" on page 2).</li> <li>Resources</li> <li>Crediting Breakfast Cereals for Grades K-12 in the NSLP (CSDE)</li> <li>Meal Patterns for School Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage)</li> <li>USDA Final Rule (83 FR 63775): Child Nutrition Programs: Flexibilities for Milk, Whole Grains, and Sodium Requirements</li> <li>USDA Memo SP 10-2012 (v9): Q&amp;As on Final Rule "Nutrition Standards in the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs"</li> <li>Whole Grain-rich Criteria for Grades K-12 in the NSLP and SBP (CSDE)</li> </ul>

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)
Grains compon	ent, continued	
Breakfast cereals: serving size	<ul> <li>Through September 30, 2021: Serving sizes are based on the USDA's serving size chart for grains (see the CSDE's handout, <i>Grain Servings for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP)</i>.</li> <li>RTE breakfast cereals (group 1): ¼ cup or ½ ounce for ages 1-2 (whichever is less) and ½ cup or ½ ounce for ages 3-4 (whichever is less).</li> <li>Cooked breakfast cereals (group H): ½ serving for ages 1-4, which equals ¼ cup cooked or 13 grams dry.</li> <li>Effective October 1, 2021: Serving sizes are based on the ounce equivalents for groups H-1 in the USDA's ounce equivalents chart for grains (see the CSDE's handout, <i>Grain Onnee Equivalents for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP</i>). The preschool meal patterns require ½ ounce equivalent for ages 1-4.</li> <li>RTE breakfast cereals: ½ ounce equivalent equals ½ cup of flaked or round cereal, ¾ cup of puffed cereal, and ½ cup of granola.</li> <li>Cooked breakfast cereals: ½ ounce equivalent equals ½ cup of flaked or round cereal, ¾ cup cooked or 14 grams dry.</li> </ul> Resources Child Care Worksheet 2: Crediting Ready-to-eat (RTE) Breakfast Cereals in the CACFP (CSDE) Child Care Worksheet 3: Crediting Cooked Breakfast Cereals in the CACFP (CSDE) Choose Breakfast Cereals for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP (effective October 1, 2021) (CSDE) Grain Ounce Equivalents for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP (effective October 1, 2021) (CSDE) USDA Final Rule (84 FR 50287): Delayed Implementation of Grains Ounce Equivalents in the Child and Adult Care Food Program USDA Memo CACFP 09-2018: Grain Requirements in the Child and Adult Care Food Program	<ul> <li>Serving sizes are based on the ounce equivalents for groups H-I in the USDA's Ounce equivalents chart for grains (see the CSDE's handout, <i>Grain Ounce Equivalents for Grades K-12 in the NSLP and SBP)</i>.</li> <li><b>RTE breakfast cereals:</b> <ol> <li>ounce equivalent equals 1 cup of flaked or round cereal, 1 ¼ cup of puffed cereal, and ¼ cup of granola.</li> <li><b>Cooked breakfast</b>                 cereals: 1 ounce equivalent equals ½ cup cooked or 28 grams dry.</li> </ol> </li> <li><b>Resources</b>     Crediting Breakfast Cereals for Grades K-12 in the NSLP (CSDE)     Meal Patterns for School Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage)     USDA Memo SP 10-2012 (v9): Q&amp;As on Final Rule "Nutrition Standards in the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs"     </li> </ul>

#### Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO) Requirement Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO) Noncreditable foods Noncreditable • Noncreditable foods cannot credit in the NSLP, Noncreditable foods cannot credit in the NSLP, SBP, SSO meal patterns. foods Examples include condiments, popcorn, potato chips, pudding, ice cream, SBP, SSO meal patterns. Examples include gelatin, cream cheese, bacon, and fruit roll-ups. condiments, popcorn, potato chips, pudding, ice cream, gelatin, cream cheese, bacon, and fruit roll-Some noncreditable foods can be served in addition to the snack • ups. components to add variety, help improve acceptability, and satisfy Some noncreditable foods can be served in addition appetites. Examples include maple syrup on pancakes, salad dressing on to the snack components to add variety, help tossed greens, and condiments such as ketchup or mustard on sandwiches. improve acceptability, and satisfy appetites. All noncreditable foods offered as part of reimbursable meals must count • Examples include maple syrup on pancakes, salad toward the weekly dietary specifications (nutrition standards) for school dressing on tossed greens, and condiments such as meals. They must contain zero trans fat and their inclusion cannot cause ketchup or mustard on sandwiches. the menu to exceed the average weekly limits for calories, saturated fat, Resources and sodium. Noncreditable Foods for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, Resources and ASP (CSDE) Noncreditable Foods for Grades K-12 in the NSLP and SBP (CSDE) Water Water Water does not credit as a meal pattern component. Water does not credit as a meal pattern component. It can be offered in addition to, but not in place of, the required meal components. SFAs It can be offered in addition to, but not in place of, the required meal components. cannot promote or offer water or any other beverage as an alternative selection to fluid milk throughout the food service area. The Healthy Hunger-Free Kids Act requires that • schools must make drinking water available to The Healthy Hunger-Free Kids Act requires that schools must make • drinking water available to children at no charge where meals are served children at no charge where meals are served during the meal service (including the ASP). during the meal service (including the Afterschool Snack Program). Resources Resources USDA Memo SP 19-2018: Clarification on the Milk and Water Requirements USDA Memo SP 49-2016 and CACFP 18-2016: Resources for Making Potable Water Available in in the School Meal Programs USDA Memo SP 49-2016 and CACFP 18-2016: Resources for Making Schools and Child Care Facilities Potable Water Available in Schools and Child Care Facilities

Requirement	Preschool Meal Patterns (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)	Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 (NSLP, SBP, and SSO)
Dietary specif	ications (nutrition standards)	
Dietary specifications	<ul> <li>Sugar limits for yogurt and breakfast cereals (see "Yogurt and Soy Yogurt" on page 10 and "Breakfast Cereals: Crediting" on page 23).</li> <li>No other dietary specifications.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>School meals must, on average, meet the dietary specifications, which include weekly limits for calories, saturated fat, and sodium; and require food products served in school meals to contain zero grams of trans fat. For information on the dietary specifications, see the meal patterns for grades K-12 (available on the CSDE's Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs webpage) and section 6 of the CSDE's Menu Planning Guide for School Meals for Grades K-12.</li> <li>Resources</li> <li>Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage)</li> <li>Menu Planning Guide for School Meals for Grades K-12 (CSDE)</li> </ul>
Offer versus se	erve	
Offer versus serve (OVS)	• Not allowed.	<ul> <li>Lunch: Required in high schools. Optional for middle and elementary schools</li> <li>Breakfast: Optional for all grades.</li> <li>Resources</li> <li>OVS for School Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage)</li> <li>OVS in the School Breakfast Program (CSDE)</li> <li>OVS in the National School Lunch Program (CSDE)</li> </ul>

#### **Regulations and Policy**

- Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) for the National School Lunch Program (7 CFR 210): https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?SID=4c211a738d6109939c6054a6286ac109&mc=true&node=pt7.4.210&rgn=div5
- Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010: https://www.fns.usda.gov/healthy-hunger-free-kids-act-2010
- National School Lunch Program Regulations (7 CFR 210): https://www.fns.usda.gov/part-210%E2%80%94national-school-lunch-program
- School Breakfast Program Regulations (7 CFR 220): https://www.fns.usda.gov/part-220%E2%80%94school-breakfast-program
- School Meals Legislation and Regulations:

https://www.fns.usda.gov/school-meals/program-legislation-regulations

- USDA Final Rule (81 FR 24347): CACFP Meal Pattern Revisions Related to the Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010 https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2016/04/25/2016-09412/child-and-adult-care-food-program-meal-pattern-revisions-related-to-the-healthy-hunger-free-kids-act
- USDA Final Rule Corrections (81 FR 75671): Child and Adult Care Food Program: Meal Pattern Revisions Related to the Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010:

https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2016/11/01/2016-26339/child-and-adult-care-food-program-meal-pattern-revisions-related-to-the-healthy-hunger-free-kids-act

- USDA Final Rule (83 FR 63775): Child Nutrition Programs: Flexibilities for Milk, Whole Grains, and Sodium Requirements: https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2018/12/12/2018-26762/child-nutrition-programs-flexibilities-for-milk-whole-grains-and-sodium-requirements
- USDA Final Rule (84 FR 50287): Delayed Implementation of Grains Ounce Equivalents in the Child and Adult Care Food Program: https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2019/09/25/2019-20808/delayed-implementation-of-grains-ounce-equivalents-in-the-child-and-adult-care-food-program
- USDA Memo CACFP 09-2017: Vegetable and Fruit Requirements in the Child and Adult Care Food Program; Questions and Answer: https://www.fns.usda.gov/cacfp/vegetable-and-fruit-requirements-cacfp-qas

USDA Memo CACFP 09-2018: Grain Requirements in the Child and Adult Care Food Program; Questions and Answers: https://www.fns.usda.gov/cacfp/grain-requirements-cacfp-questions-and-answers
USDA Memo CACFP 16-2017: Grain-Based Desserts in the Child and Adult Care Food Program: https://www.fns.usda.gov/cacfp/grain-based-desserts-child-and-adult-care-food-program
USDA Memo SP 10-2012 (v9): Q&As on Final Rule "Nutrition Standards in the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs": https://www.fns.usda.gov/qas-final-rule-nutrition-standards-national-school-lunch-and-school-breakfast-programs
USDA Memo SP 34-2019, CACFP 15-2019 and SFSP 15-2019: Crediting Coconut, Hominy, Corn Masa, and Masa Harina in the Child Nutrition Programs:

https://www.fns.usda.gov/cn/crediting-coconut-hominy-corn-masa-and-masa-harina-child-nutrition-programs

USDA Memo SP 37-2017: Flexibility for Co-Mingled Preschool Meals: Questions and Answers: https://www.fns.usda.gov/school-meals/flexibility-co-mingled-preschool-meals-questions-and-answers

#### **Resources and Websites**

Afterschool Snack Program (CSDE webpage): https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Nutrition/Afterschool-Snack-Program

Afterschool Snack Program Handbook (CSDE): https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Nutrition/ASP/ASPHandbook.pdf

Crediting Foods for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage): https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Nutrition/Crediting-Foods-in-School-Nutrition-Programs

Laws and Regulations (CSDE webpage):

https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Nutrition/Laws-and-Regulations-for-Child-Nutrition-Programs

Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage): https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Nutrition/Meal-Patterns-School-Nutrition-Programs

Meal Patterns for Preschoolers in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage): https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Nutrition/Meal-Patterns-Preschoolers-in-School-Nutrition-Programs

Menu Planning Guide for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP (CSDE): https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Nutrition/NSLP/Preschool/mpgpreschool.pdf
Menu Planning Guide for School Meals for Grades K-12 (CSDE webpage): https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Nutrition/Menu-Planning-Guide-for-School-Meals
Nutrition Standards for CACFP Meals and Snacks (USDA webpage): https://www.fns.usda.gov/cacfp/meals-and-snacks
Operational Memoranda for School Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage): https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Lists/Operational-Memoranda-for-School-Nutrition-Programs
Policy Memos for School Meals (USDA): https://www.fns.usda.gov/school-meals/policy
Program Guidance for School Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage): https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Nutrition/Program-Guidance-School-Nutrition-Programs
Special Diets in School Nutrition Programs (CSDE webpage): https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Nutrition/Special-Diets-in-School-Nutrition-Programs



For more information, review the Connecticut State Department of Education's (CSDE) *Menu Planning Guide for Preschoolers in the NSLP, SBP, and ASP* and *Menu Planning Guide for School Meals for Grades K-12,* and visit the CSDE's Meal Patterns for Preschoolers in School Nutrition Programs and Meal Patterns for Grades K-12 in School Nutrition Programs webpages, or contact the school nutrition programs staff in the CSDE's Bureau of Health/Nutrition, Family Services and Adult Education, 450 Columbus Boulevard, Suite 504, Hartford, CT 06103-1841.

This document is available at https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Nutrition/NSLP/Preschool/ComparisonPreschoolK12.pdf.

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- mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410;
- (2) fax: (202) 690-7442; or
- (3) email: program.intake@usda.gov.

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