# Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP) Meal Patterns for Children

#### October 1, 2019, through September 30, 2021

The CACFP meal patterns for children are defined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture's (USDA) final rule, Child and Adult Care Food Program: Meal Pattern Revisions Related to the Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010. For more information on the CACFP meal patterns for children, review the Connecticut State Department of Education's (CSDE) guide, Meal Pattern Requirements for CACFP Child Care Programs, and visit the CSDE's Meal Patterns for CACFP Child Care Programs webpages.

Breakfast (through September 30, 2021)						
Food components <sup>1</sup>	Ages 1-2	Ages 3-5	Ages 6-12	Ages 13-18 <sup>2</sup>		
Milk, fluid <sup>3</sup>	4 fluid ounces (fl oz) (½ cup)	6 fl oz (¾ cup)	8 fl oz (1 cup)	8 fl oz (1 cup)		
Vegetables, fruits, or portions of both 4,5,6	¹/4 cup	¹/2 cup	¹∕₂ cup	¹⁄₂ cup		
Grains 7, 8, 9, 10, 11						
Whole grain-rich (WGR) or enriched bread	1/2 slice 11	½ slice 11	1 slice 11	1 slice <sup>11</sup>		
WGR or enriched bread product, e.g., biscuit, roll, or muffin	½ serving 11	½ serving 11	1 serving 11	1 serving <sup>11</sup>		
WGR, enriched, or fortified cooked breakfast cereal <sup>12</sup> , cereal grain <sup>13</sup> , or pasta	¹/₄ cup	¹⁄₄ cup	½ cup	¹⁄₂ cup		
WGR, enriched, or fortified ready-to-eat (RTE) breakfast cereal (dry, cold) 12, 14	¹⁄₄ cup or ¹⁄₃ ounce	½ cup or 2 ounce	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> cup or 1 ounce	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> cup or 1 ounce		

#### ■ See below for important menu planning notes

#### Menu planning notes for breakfast

- Breakfast must include the minimum serving of all three components. Use the USDA's Food Buying Guide for Child Nutrition Programs (FBG) to determine the amount of purchased food that meets the requirements. For processed foods, review the product's Child Nutrition (CN) label or product formulation statement (PFS). For more information, see the CSDE's handouts, Using Child Nutrition (CN) Labels in the CACFP, Using Product Formulation Statements in the CACFP, Accepting Processed Product Documentation in the CACFP, and Crediting Commercial Meat/Meat Alternate Products in the CACFP; and visit the "Crediting Commercial Processed Products" section of the CSDE's Crediting Foods in CACFP Child Care Programs webpage. Foods made on site must have a recipe that documents crediting information. For more information, visit the "Crediting Foods Prepared on Site" section of the CSDE's Crediting Foods in CACFP Child Care Programs Webpage.
- <sup>2</sup> This age group applies only to at-risk afterschool programs and emergency shelters. Larger portion sizes may be needed to meet the nutritional needs of children ages 13-18.
- <sup>3</sup> Serve unflavored whole milk to age 1 and unflavored low-fat (1%) or fat-free milk to ages 2 and older. Flavored fat-free milk may be served to ages 6 and older, but the USDA's *CACFP Best Practices* recommends serving only unflavored milk.

#### Breakfast (through September 30, 2021)

#### Menu planning notes for breakfast, continued

- <sup>4</sup> The vegetables component includes fresh, frozen, canned, and rehydrated dried vegetables. Dried vegetables require a PFS. A serving of cooked vegetables must be drained. Vegetables credit based on volume, except raw leafy greens such as lettuce and spinach credit as half the volume served (e.g., 1 cup credits as ½ cup of vegetables), and tomato paste and puree credit based on the volume as if reconstituted (see the FBG). The USDA's *CACFP Best Practices* recommends that CACFP menus include at least one serving per week of dark green vegetables, red and orange vegetables, beans and peas (legumes), starchy vegetables, and other vegetables. For more information, see the CSDE's handout, *Vegetable Subgroups in the CACFP*.
- Pasteurized full-strength juice credits as the vegetables or fruits component at only one meal or snack per day. Juice includes all fruit and vegetable juice, frozen pops made from 100 percent juice, pureed fruits and vegetables in smoothies, and juice from canned fruit in 100 percent juice. For more information, see the CSDE's handouts, *Crediting Juice in the CACFP* and *Crediting Smoothies in the CACFP*. The USDA's *CACFP Best Practices* recommends serving whole fruits (fresh, frozen, canned, and dried) more often than juice.
- <sup>6</sup> The fruits component includes fresh, frozen, canned, and dried fruit. Serve canned fruit in juice, water, or light syrup. A serving of canned fruit may include the 100 percent juice in which the fruit is packed, but cannot include water or syrup. Dried fruit credits as twice the volume served, e.g., <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> cup of raisins credits as <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> cup of the fruits component.
- <sup>7</sup> To credit as the grains component, a creditable grain (whole, enriched, bran, or germ) must be the first ingredient (excluding water), or the greatest ingredient by weight. For information on identifying creditable grains, see the CSDE's handout, *How to Identify Creditable Grains in the CACFP*.
- At least one serving per day must be WGR. The USDA's *CACFP Best Practices* recommends at least two servings of WGR grains per day. WGR foods contain 100 percent whole grains or contain a blend of whole grains (at least 50 percent) and enriched grains. For more information, see the CSDE's handout, *Whole Grain-rich Criteria for the CACFP*.
- Except for sweet crackers (such as graham crackers and animal crackers), grain-based desserts cannot credit. Examples include cookies, sweet pie crusts, doughnuts, cereal bars, granola bars, sweet rolls, pastries, toaster pastries, cake, and brownies. The CSDE recommends not serving sweet crackers more than twice per week between all meals and snacks. For more information, see the USDA's handout, *Grain-based Desserts in the CACFP*.
- Meat/meat alternates may substitute for the entire grains component at breakfast up to three times per week. A 1-ounce serving of the meat/meat alternates component substitutes for one serving of the grains component. For more information, see the USDA's handout, Serving Meat and Meat Alternates at Breakfast.
- <sup>11</sup> Through September 30, 2021, grains must meet the applicable weights (groups A-E) or volumes (groups H-I) in the USDA's grain servings chart, or provide the minimum creditable grains per serving. For more information, see the CSDE's handouts, *Grain Servings for the CACFP* and *Calculation Methods for Grain Servings in the CACFP*. Effective October 1, 2021, the required amounts for the grains component change to ounce equivalents. For more information, see the CSDE's handout, *Grain Ounce Equivalents for the CACFP*.
- <sup>12</sup> Breakfast cereals cannot contain more than 6 grams of sugars per dry ounce (no more than 21.2 grams of sucrose and other sugars per 100 grams of dry cereal). For more information, see the CSDE's handout, *Crediting Breakfast Cereals in the CACFP*.
- <sup>13</sup> Examples of cereal grains include amaranth, barley, buckwheat, cornmeal, corn grits, kasha, millet, oats, quinoa, wheat berries, and rolled wheat.
- 14 Effective October 1, 2021, the required amounts for RTE breakfast cereals change to ounce equivalents. The required amount for ages 1-2 and 3-5 (½ ounce equivalent) is ½ cup of flakes or rounds, ¾ cups of puffed cereal, and ⅓ cup of granola. The required amount for ages 6-12 and 13-18 (1 ounce equivalent) is 1 cup of flakes or rounds, 1¼ cups of puffed cereal, and ¼ cup of granola.

Lunch and Supp	Lunch and Supper (through September 30, 2021)						
Food components <sup>1</sup>	Ages 1-2	Ages 3-5	Ages 6-12	Ages 13-18 <sup>2</sup>			
Milk, fluid <sup>3</sup>	4 fl oz (½ cup)	6 fl oz (¾ cup)	8 fl oz (1 cup)	8 fl oz (1 cup)			
Meat/meat alternates <sup>4</sup>							
Lean meat, poultry, or fish	1 ounce	1½ ounces	2 ounces	2 ounces			
Surimi <sup>5</sup>	3 ounces	4.4 ounces	6 ounces	6 ounces			
Tofu, soy products, tempeh, or alternate protein products (APPs) <sup>6</sup>	1 ounce	1½ ounces	2 ounces	2 ounces			
Cheese	1 ounce	1½ ounces	2 ounces	2 ounces			
Cottage cheese	¹/4 cup	³∕8 cup	½ cup	¹/2 cup			
Egg, large	1/2	3/4	1	1			
Cooked dry beans or peas <sup>7</sup>	¹/₄ cup	³∕8 cup	¹⁄₂ cup	¹/2 cup			
Peanut butter, soy nut butter, or other nut or seed butters	2 tablespoons	3 tablespoons	4 tablespoons	4 tablespoons			
Peanuts, soy nuts, tree nuts, or seeds <sup>8</sup>	½ ounce = 50%	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> ounce = 50%	1 ounce = 50%	1 ounce = 50%			
Yogurt or soy yogurt, plain or flavored, unsweetened or sweetened <sup>9</sup>	4 ounces or ½ cup	6 ounces or <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> cup	8 ounces or 1 cup	8 ounces or 1 cup			
Vegetables 10, 11	1/8 cup	¹/4 cup	¹/2 cup	¹/2 cup			
Fruits 11, 12, 13	¹/ <sub>8</sub> cup	¹/4 cup	¹/4 cup	¹/₄ cup			
Grains 14, 15, 16, 17							
WGR or enriched bread	1/2 slice 17	1/2 slice 17	1 slice <sup>17</sup>	1 slice <sup>17</sup>			
WGR or enriched bread product, e.g., biscuit, roll, or muffin	½ serving 17	½ serving 17	1 serving <sup>17</sup>	1 serving <sup>17</sup>			
WGR, enriched, or fortified cooked breakfast cereal <sup>18</sup> , cereal grain <sup>19</sup> , or pasta	¹/4 cup	¹∕₄ cup	¹/2 cup	½ cup			
WGR, enriched, or fortified ready-to-eat (RTE) breakfast cereal (dry, cold) 18, 20	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> cup or <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub> ounce	½ cup or ½ ounce	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> cup or 1 ounce	³/4 cup or 1 ounce			
◀ See next page for	or important me	nu planning no	tes <b>&gt;</b>				

#### Lunch and Supper (through September 30, 2021)

#### Menu planning notes for lunch and supper

- Lunch and supper must include the minimum serving of all five components. Use the USDA's Food Buying Guide for Child Nutrition Programs (FBG) to determine the amount of purchased food that meets the requirements. For processed foods, review the product's Child Nutrition (CN) label or product formulation statement (PFS). For more information, see the CSDE's handouts, Using Child Nutrition (CN) Labels in the CACFP, Using Product Formulation Statements in the CACFP, Accepting Processed Product Documentation in the CACFP, and Crediting Commercial Meat/Meat Alternate Products in the CACFP; and visit the "Crediting Commercial Processed Products" section of the CSDE's Crediting Foods in CACFP Child Care Programs webpage. Foods made on site must have a recipe that documents crediting information. For more information, visit the "Crediting Foods Prepared on Site" section of the CSDE's Crediting Foods in CACFP Child Care Programs Programs webpage.
- <sup>2</sup> This age group applies only to at-risk afterschool programs and emergency shelters. Larger portion sizes may be needed to meet the nutritional needs of children ages 13-18.
- <sup>3</sup> Serve unflavored whole milk to age 1 and unflavored low-fat (1%) or unflavored fat-free milk to ages 2 and older. Flavored fat-free milk may be served to ages 6 and older, but the USDA's *CACFP Best Practices* recommends serving only unflavored milk.
- <sup>4</sup> A serving is the edible portion of cooked lean meat, poultry, or fish, e.g., cooked lean meat without bone, breading, binders, fillers, or other ingredients. The USDA's *CACFP Best Practices* recommends serving only lean meats, nuts, and legumes; limiting processed meats to one serving per week; and serving only low-fat or reduced-fat natural cheese. For more information, see the CSDE's handouts, *Crediting Meat/Meat Alternates in the CACFP* and *Crediting Deli Meats in the CACFP*.
- <sup>5</sup> Surimi seafood is a pasteurized, ready-to-eat, restructured seafood product usually made from pollock (fish). A CN label or manufacturer's PFS is required to credit surimi seafood differently than these amounts.
- APPs must meet the requirements in appendix A of the CACFP regulations (7 CFR 226). Tofu must contain at least 5 grams of protein in 2.2 ounces (weight) or ½ cup (volume). For more information, see the CSDE's handouts, Requirements for Alternate Protein Products in the CACFP and Crediting Tofu and Tofu Products in the CACFP. A 1-ounce serving of tempeh credits as 1 ounce of the meat/meat alternates component if the product's ingredients include only soybeans (or other legumes), water, tempeh culture, and for some varieties, vinegar, seasonings, and herbs. If a tempeh product contains other ingredients, a CN label or PFS is required to document crediting information.
- <sup>7</sup> Legumes (cooked dry beans and peas) credit as either the meat/meat alternates component or the vegetables component, but not both in the same meal. For more information, see the CSDE's handout, *Crediting Legumes in the CACFP*.
- 8 Creditable nuts and seeds include almonds, Brazil nuts, cashews, filberts, macadamia nuts, peanuts, peanuts, pine nuts, pistachios, and soy nuts. Nuts and seeds cannot credit for more than half of the meat/meat alternates component. They must be combined with another meat/meat alternate to meet the total requirement. **Note:** Children younger than 4 are at the highest risk of choking. The USDA recommends that any nuts or seeds served to young children are in a prepared food, and are ground or finely chopped. For more information, see the CSDE's handout, *Crediting Nuts and Seeds in the CACFP*
- <sup>9</sup> Yogurt and soy yogurt cannot contain more than 23 grams of total sugars per 6 ounces (no more than 3.83 grams per ounce). For more information, see the CSDE's handout, *Crediting Yogurt in the CACFP*.
- The vegetables component includes fresh, frozen, canned, and rehydrated dried vegetables. Dried vegetables require a PFS. A serving of cooked vegetables must be drained. Vegetables credit based on volume, except raw leafy greens such as lettuce and spinach credit as half the volume served (e.g., 1 cup credits as ½ cup of vegetables), and tomato paste and puree credit based on the volume as if reconstituted (see the FBG). The USDA's CACFP Best Practices recommends that CACFP menus include at least one serving per week of dark green vegetables, red and orange vegetables, beans and peas (legumes), starchy vegetables, and other vegetables. For more information, see the CSDE's handout, Vegetable Subgroups in the CACFP.

#### Lunch and Supper (through September 30, 2021)

#### Menu planning notes for lunch and supper, continued

- Pasteurized full-strength juice credits as the vegetables or fruits component at only one meal or snack per day. Juice includes all fruit and vegetable juice, frozen pops made from 100 percent juice, pureed fruits and vegetables in smoothies, and juice from canned fruit in 100 percent juice. For more information, see the CSDE's handouts, *Crediting Juice in the CACFP* and *Crediting Smoothies in the CACFP*. The USDA's *CACFP Best Practices* recommends serving whole fruits (fresh, frozen, canned, and dried) more often than juice.
- Vegetables can substitute for the entire fruits component at lunch and supper. If lunch or supper includes two servings of vegetables, they must be different kinds.
- <sup>13</sup> The fruits component includes fresh, frozen, canned, and dried fruit. Serve canned fruit in juice, water, or light syrup. A serving of canned fruit may include the 100 percent juice in which the fruit is packed, but cannot include water or syrup. Dried fruit credits as twice the volume served, e.g., <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> cup of raisins credits as <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> cup of the fruits component.
- 14 To credit as the grains component, a creditable grain (whole, enriched, bran, or germ) must be the first ingredient (excluding water), or the greatest ingredient by weight. For information on identifying creditable grains, see the CSDE's handout, *How to Identify Creditable Grains in the CACFP*.
- At least one serving per day must be WGR. The USDA's CACFP Best Practices recommends at least two servings of WGR grains per day. WGR foods contain 100 percent whole grains or contain a blend of whole grains (at least 50 percent) and enriched grains. For more information, see the CSDE's handout, Whole Grain-rich Criteria for the CACFP.
- Except for sweet crackers (such as graham crackers and animal crackers), grain-based desserts cannot credit. Examples include cookies, sweet pie crusts, doughnuts, cereal bars, granola bars, sweet rolls, pastries, toaster pastries, cake, and brownies. The CSDE recommends not serving sweet crackers more than twice per week between all meals and snacks. For more information, see the USDA's handout, *Grain-based Desserts in the CACFP*.
- <sup>17</sup> Through September 30, 2021, grains must meet the applicable weights (groups A-E) or volumes (groups H-I) in the USDA's grain servings chart, or provide the minimum creditable grains per serving. For more information, see the CSDE's handouts, *Grain Servings for the CACFP* and *Calculation Methods for Grain Servings in the CACFP*. Effective October 1, 2021, the required amounts for the grains component change to ounce equivalents. For more information, see the CSDE's handout, *Grain Ounce Equivalents for the CACFP*.
- <sup>18</sup> Breakfast cereals cannot contain more than 6 grams of sugars per dry ounce (no more than 21.2 grams of sucrose and other sugars per 100 grams of dry cereal). For more information, see the CSDE's handout, *Crediting Breakfast Cereals in the CACFP*.
- <sup>19</sup> Examples of cereal grains include amaranth, barley, buckwheat, cornmeal, corn grits, kasha, millet, oats, quinoa, wheat berries, and rolled wheat.
- <sup>20</sup> Effective October 1, 2021, the required amounts for RTE breakfast cereals change to ounce equivalents. The required amount for ages 1-2 and 3-5 (½ ounce equivalent) is ½ cup of flakes or rounds, ¾ cups of puffed cereal, and ⅓ cup of granola. The required amount for ages 6-12 and 13-18 (1 ounce equivalent) is 1 cup of flakes or rounds, 1¼ cups of puffed cereal, and ¼ cup of granola.

Snack (th	rough Septemb	per 30, 2021)		
Serve any two of the following five components (must be two different components) <sup>1</sup>	Ages 1-2	Ages 3-5	Ages 6-12	Ages 13-18 <sup>2</sup>
Milk, fluid <sup>3</sup>	4 fl oz (½ cup)	4 fl oz (½ cup)	8 fl oz (1 cup)	8 fl oz (1 cup)
Meat/meat alternates  Lean meat, poultry, or fish <sup>4</sup>	½ ounce	½ ounce	1 ounce	1 ounce
Surimi <sup>5</sup>	2 ounces	2 ounces	3 ounces	3 ounces
Tofu, soy products, tempeh, or alternate protein products (APPs) <sup>6</sup>	½ ounce	½ ounce	1 ounce	1 ounce
Cheese	½ ounce	½ ounce	1 ounce	1 ounce
Cottage cheese	½ cup	¹⁄8 cup	¹∕₄ cup	¹∕₄ cup
Egg, large	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2
Cooked dry beans or peas <sup>7</sup>	½ cup	¹⁄8 cup	¹∕₄ cup	¹∕₄ cup
Peanut butter, soy nut butter, or other nut or seed butters	1 tablespoon	1 tablespoon	2 tablespoons	2 tablespoons
Peanuts, soy nuts, tree nuts, or seeds 8	½ ounce	½ ounce	1 ounce	1 ounce
Yogurt or soy yogurt, plain or flavored, unsweetened or sweetened <sup>9</sup>	2 ounces or <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> cup	2 ounces or <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> cup	4 ounces or ½ cup	4 ounces or ½ cup
Vegetables 10,11	¹/2 cup	½ cup	³/4 cup	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> cup
Fruits 11, 12	¹/2 cup	½ cup	³/4 cup	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> cup
Grains <sup>13, 14, 15, 16</sup> WGR or enriched bread	½ slice 16	1/2 slice 16	1 slice 16	1 slice 16
WGR or enriched bread product, e.g., biscuit, roll, or muffin	½ serving 16	½ serving <sup>16</sup>	1 serving 16	1 serving 16
WGR, enriched, or fortified cooked breakfast cereal <sup>17</sup> , cereal grain <sup>18</sup> , or pasta	¹/₄ cup	¹⁄₄ cup	½ cup	½ cup
WGR, enriched, or fortified ready-to-eat (RTE) breakfast cereal (dry, cold) 17, 19	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> cup or <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub> ounce	½ cup or ½ ounce	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> cup or 1 ounce	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> cup or 1 ounce

#### Snack (through September 30, 2021)

#### Menu planning notes for snack

- Snack must include the minimum serving of two of the five components. Only one of the two components may be a creditable beverage. The USDA's *CACFP Best Practices* recommends serving a vegetable or fruit for at least one snack component. Use the USDA's *Food Bnying Guide for Child Nutrition Programs* (FBG) to determine the amount of purchased food that meets the requirements. For processed foods, review the product's Child Nutrition (CN) label or product formulation statement (PFS). For more information, see the CSDE's handouts, *Using Child Nutrition* (CN) Labels in the CACFP, Using Product Formulation Statements in the CACFP, Accepting Processed Product Documentation in the CACFP, and Crediting Commercial Meat/Meat Alternate Products in the CACFP; and visit the "Crediting Commercial Processed Products" section of the CSDE's Crediting Foods in CACFP Child Care Programs webpage. Foods made on site must have a recipe that documents crediting information. For more information, visit the "Crediting Foods Prepared on Site" section of the CSDE's Crediting Foods in CACFP Child Care Programs webpage.
- <sup>2</sup> This age group applies only to at-risk afterschool programs and emergency shelters. Larger portion sizes may be needed to meet the nutritional needs of children ages 13-18.
- <sup>3</sup> Serve unflavored whole milk to age 1 and unflavored low-fat (1%) or unflavored fat-free milk to ages 2 and older. Flavored fat-free milk may be served to ages 6 and older, but the USDA's *CACFP Best Practices* recommends serving only unflavored milk.
- <sup>4</sup> A serving is the edible portion of cooked lean meat, poultry, or fish, e.g., cooked lean meat without bone, breading, binders, fillers, or other ingredients. The USDA's *CACFP Best Practices* recommends serving only lean meats, nuts, and legumes; limiting processed meats to one serving per week; and serving only low-fat or reduced-fat natural cheese.
- <sup>5</sup> Surimi seafood is a pasteurized, ready-to-eat, restructured seafood product usually made from pollock (fish). A CN label or manufacturer's PFS is required to credit surimi seafood differently than these amounts.
- APPs must meet the requirements in appendix A of the CACFP regulations (7 CFR 226). Tofu must contain at least 5 grams of protein in 2.2 ounces (weight) or ½ cup (volume). For more information, see the CSDE's handouts, *Requirements for Alternate Protein Products in the CACFP* and *Crediting Tofu and Tofu Products in the CACFP*. A 1-ounce serving of tempeh credits as 1 ounce of the meat/meat alternates component if the product's ingredients include only soybeans (or other legumes), water, tempeh culture, and for some varieties, vinegar, seasonings, and herbs. If a tempeh product contains other ingredients, a CN label or PFS is required to document crediting information.
- <sup>7</sup> Legumes (cooked dry beans and peas) credit as either the meat/meat alternates component or the vegetables component, but not both in the same snack. For more information, see the CSDE's handout, *Crediting Legumes in the CACFP*.
- 8 Creditable nuts and seeds include almonds, Brazil nuts, cashews, filberts, macadamia nuts, peanuts, pecans, walnuts, pine nuts, pistachios, and soy nuts. Note: Children younger than 4 are at the highest risk of choking. The USDA recommends that any nuts or seeds served to young children are in a prepared food, and are ground or finely chopped. For more information, see the CSDE's handout, Crediting Nuts and Seeds in the CACFP
- Yogurt and soy yogurt cannot contain more than 23 grams of total sugars per 6 ounces (no more than 3.83 grams per ounce). For more information, see the CSDE's handout, Crediting Yogurt in the CACFP.
- The vegetables component includes fresh, frozen, canned, and rehydrated dried vegetables. Dried vegetables require a PFS. A serving of cooked vegetables must be drained. Vegetables credit based on volume, except raw leafy greens such as lettuce and spinach credit as half the volume served (e.g., 1 cup credits as ½ cup of vegetables), and tomato paste and puree credit based on the volume as if reconstituted (see the FBG). The USDA's *CACFP Best Practices* recommends that CACFP menus include at least one serving per week of dark green vegetables, red and orange vegetables, beans and peas (legumes), starchy vegetables, and other vegetables. For more information, see the CSDE's handout, *Vegetable Subgroups in the CACFP*.

#### Snack (through September 30, 2021)

#### Menu planning notes for snack, continued

- Pasteurized full-strength juice credits as the vegetables or fruits component at only one meal or snack per day. Juice includes all fruit and vegetable juice, frozen pops made from 100 percent juice, pureed fruits and vegetables in smoothies, and juice from canned fruit in 100 percent juice. For more information, see the CSDE's handouts, *Crediting Juice in the CACFP* and *Crediting Smoothies in the CACFP*. The USDA's *CACFP Best Practices* recommends serving whole fruits (fresh, frozen, canned, and dried) more often than juice.
- <sup>12</sup> The fruits component includes fresh, frozen, canned, and dried fruit. Serve canned fruit in juice, water, or light syrup. A serving of canned fruit may include the 100 percent juice in which the fruit is packed, but cannot include water or syrup. Dried fruit credits as twice the volume served, e.g., <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> cup of raisins credits as <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> cup of the fruits component.
- <sup>13</sup> To credit as the grains component, a creditable grain (whole, enriched, bran, or germ) must be the first ingredient (excluding water), or the greatest ingredient by weight. For information on identifying creditable grains, see the CSDE's handout, How to Identify Creditable Grains in the CACFP.
- <sup>14</sup> At least one serving per day must be WGR. The USDA's *CACFP Best Practices* recommends at least two servings of WGR grains per day. WGR foods contain 100 percent whole grains or contain a blend of whole grains (at least 50 percent) and enriched grains. For more information, see the CSDE's handout, *Whole Grain-rich Criteria for the CACFP*.
- Except for sweet crackers (such as graham crackers and animal crackers), grain-based desserts cannot credit. Examples include cookies, sweet pie crusts, doughnuts, cereal bars, granola bars, sweet rolls, pastries, toaster pastries, cake, and brownies. The CSDE recommends not serving sweet crackers more than twice per week between all meals and snacks. For more information, see the USDA's handout, *Grain-based Desserts in the CACFP*.
- Through September 30, 2021, grains must meet the applicable weights (groups A-E) or volumes (groups H-I) in the USDA's grain servings chart, or provide the minimum creditable grains per serving. For more information, see the CSDE's handouts, *Grain Servings for the CACFP* and *Calculation Methods for Grain Servings in the CACFP*. Effective October 1, 2021, the required amounts for the grains component change to ounce equivalents. For more information, see the CSDE's handout, *Grain Ounce Equivalents for the CACFP*.
- Breakfast cereals cannot contain more than 6 grams of sugars per dry ounce (no more than 21.2 grams of sucrose and other sugars per 100 grams of dry cereal). For more information, see the CSDE's handout, Crediting Breakfast Cereals in the CACFP.
- <sup>18</sup> Examples of cereal grains include amaranth, barley, buckwheat, cornmeal, corn grits, kasha, millet, oats, quinoa, wheat berries, and rolled wheat.
- <sup>19</sup> Effective October 1, 2021, the required amounts for RTE breakfast cereals change to ounce equivalents. The required amount for ages 1-2 and 3-5 (½ ounce equivalent) is ½ cup of flakes or rounds, ¾ cups of puffed cereal, and ⅓ cup of granola. The required amount for ages 6-12 and 13-18 (1 ounce equivalent) is 1 cup of flakes or rounds, 1¼ cups of puffed cereal, and ¼ cup of granola.



For more information, review the CSDE's guide, *Meal Pattern Requirements for CACFP Child Care Programs*, and visit the CSDE's Meal Patterns for CACFP Child Care Programs and Crediting Foods in CACFP Child Care Programs webpages, or contact the CACFP staff in the CSDE, Bureau of Health/Nutrition, Family Services and Adult Education, 450 Columbus Boulevard, Suite 504, Hartford, CT 06103-1841.

This document is available at https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Nutrition/CACFP/MealPattern/CACFPmealpattern.pdf.

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   Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights
   1400 Independence Avenue, SW
   Washington, D.C. 20250-9410;
- (2) fax: (202) 690-7442; or
- (3) email: program.intake@usda.gov.

This institution is an equal opportunity provider.

The Connecticut State Department of Education is committed to a policy of equal opportunity/affirmative action for all qualified persons. The Connecticut Department of Education does not discriminate in any employment practice, education program, or educational activity on the basis of age, ancestry, color, criminal record (in state employment and licensing), gender identity or expression, genetic information, intellectual disability, learning disability, marital status, mental disability (past or present), national origin, physical disability (including blindness), race, religious creed, retaliation for previously opposed discrimination or coercion, sex (pregnancy or sexual harassment), sexual orientation, veteran status or workplace hazards to reproductive systems, unless there is a bona fide occupational qualification excluding persons in any of the aforementioned protected classes.

Inquiries regarding the Connecticut State Department of Education's nondiscrimination policies should be directed to: Levy Gillespie, Equal Employment Opportunity Director/Americans with Disabilities Coordinator (ADA), Connecticut State Department of Education, 450 Columbus Boulevard, Suite 607, Hartford, CT 06103, 860-807-2071, levy.gillespie@ct.gov.