AFB Referred Culture (Mycobacteria for ID) Revised 6/9/17	
Test description	Identification of mycobacteria to the species, complex or group
Test use	To identify mycobacteria isolated in culture.
Test	Mycobacteriology Laboratory
Department	Phone: (860) 920-6649, FAX (860) 920-6721
Methodology	Identification methods: DNA probe and MALDI-TOF Mass Spectroscopy (MS).
Availability	Isolate identification is generally available within 10-21 days of confirmation of acid fast bacilli in culture. Culture growth rates and viability may impact identification turnaround time.
	Acid fast organism on solid or in liquid media commonly used for the isolation of
Specimen	mycobacteria species such as Lowenstein-Jensen and Middlebrook agar; also media
Requirements	from automated test systems (e.g BACTEC™ MGIT™ broth).
Collection	Follow all applicable federal regulations for packaging of infectious substances.
Kit/Container	
Collection	Submit culture in routine agar or broth media
Instructions	
Specimen	Transport to the laboratory at ambient temperature. Avoid temperature extremes.
Handling &	Cultures suspected of containing Mycobacterium tuberculosis should be packaged and
Transport	shipped in accordance with "Category A Infectious Substances" guidelines.
Unacceptable	Unlabeled specimens.
Conditions	Cultures that have leaked or containers that have broken in transit.
	Cultures overgrown with or contaminated by non-acid fast bacteria.
Requisition	Clinical Test Requisition (select AFB Referred Culture)
Form	
	Name and address of submitter (and/or Horizon profile #).
Required	Patient name or identifier, town of residence (city, state, zip), date of birth.
Information	Specimen type or site of collection, date collected, and test requested.
	Please ensure patient name on the requisition matches that on the specimen.
	Include prior AFB testing results, if available.
Limitations	 Non-acid fast organisms present in the culture may interfere with identification of mycobacteria. DNA probe identification test does not differentiate between members of the tuberculosis complex (Mycobacterium tuberculosis, M. africanum, M. bovis, M. canettii, M. microti, M. caprae, and M. pinnipedii). A small number of biochemically determined M. avium complex isolates may not
Additional comments	be detected by the DNA probe identification test. In some cases, isolates will only be identified to the species level or to the "species-complex group" (such as <i>M. avium</i> complex or <i>M. tuberculosis</i> complex). Isolates can be submitted to collaborating laboratories for additional testing. Consult with Mycobacteriology Laboratory for further information.