

**Connecticut Department of Public Health HIV Surveillance Program  
HIV Infection Cases by Diagnosis Year, Sex and Race, Connecticut, 2009 - 2018**

Diagnosis Year	Sex					Race/ethnicity								
	Total		Male		Female		Black/African American		Hispanic/Latino		White		Other races	
	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total
<b>2009</b>	343	74.3	255	25.7	88	41.4	142	27.7	95	28.6	98	8	2.3	
<b>2010</b>	393	71.5	281	28.5	112	39.4	155	24.9	98	34.1	134	6	1.5	
<b>2011</b>	354	74.3	263	25.7	91	37.6	133	30.5	108	29.9	106	7	2.0	
<b>2012</b>	295	74.6	220	25.4	75	42.0	124	29.5	87	25.8	76	8	2.7	
<b>2013</b>	325	79.1	257	20.9	68	39.4	128	28.3	92	30.8	100	5	1.5	
<b>2014</b>	294	72.4	213	27.6	81	46.6	137	23.5	69	26.9	79	9	3.1	
<b>2015</b>	279	75.6	211	24.4	68	36.6	102	29.4	82	30.8	86	9	3.2	
<b>2016</b>	267	79.0	211	21.0	56	40.8	109	30.3	81	25.8	69	8	3.0	
<b>2017</b>	280	72.1	202	27.9	78	39.3	110	30.0	84	27.5	77	9	3.2	
<b>2018</b>	258	76.4	197	23.6	61	41.5	107	26.0	67	30.6	79	5	1.9	
<b>Total</b>	3,088	74.8	2,310	25.2	778	40.4	1,247	27.9	863	29.3	904	74	2.4	

The term HIV Infection is used to refer to three categories of diagnoses collectively:

- 1 - persons with a diagnosis of HIV infection (not AIDS)
- 2 - a diagnosis of HIV infection and a later diagnosis of AIDS
- 3 - concurrent diagnoses of HIV and AIDS.

Source: HIV Surveillance Registry for cases reported through December 2019