



CONNECTICUT ENERGY PRICE REPORT

DENOTES FALLING PRICES COMPARED TO YEAR EARLIER

DENOTES FLAT PRICES COMPARED TO YEAR EARLIER

DENOTES RISING PRICES COMPARED TO YEAR EARLIER









LATEST
WEEK AGO
MONTH AGO
YEAR AGO

HEATING OIL			
\$/GAL			
April 4, 2016	2.014		
March 28, 2016	2.030		
March 7, 2016	1.992		
April 6, 2015	2.761		

CRUDE OIL WTI SPOT PRICE		
\$/BBL		
April 6, 2016	37.74	
March 31, 2016	36.94	
March 7, 2016	37.90	
April 6, 2015	52.08	

CT RETAIL GASOLINE
UNLEADED REGULAR

\$/GAL

April 6, 2016 2.150

March 30, 2016 2.110

March 7, 2016 1.862

April 6, 2015 2.466

CONNECTICUT RETAIL
RESIDENTIAL PROPANE
\$/GAL

March 28, 2016 2.512

March 21, 2016 2.592

February 29, 2016 2.573

March 30, 2015 2.796

SRC: DEEP

SRC: OIL DAILY

SRC: AAA

SRC: EIA









LATEST
YEAR AGO
2 YEARS AGO
3 YEARS AGO

CT RESIDENTIAL NATURAL GAS	
\$/M	ICF
Jan-2016	10.32
Jan-2015	11.64
Jan-2014	11.30
Jan-2013	13.23

CT RESIDENTIAL ELECTRICITY		
CENTS/KWH *		
Jan-2016	19.86	
Jan-2015	21.06	
Jan-2014	18.49	
Jan-2013	17.01	

CT COMMERCIAL ELECTRICITY			
CENTS/KWH *			
Jan-2016	15.34		
Jan-2015	16.71		
Jan-2014	16.50		
Jan-2013	14.55		

CT INDUSTRIAL ELECTRICITY			
CENTS/KWH *			
Jan-2016	12.89		
Jan-2015	13.21		
Jan-2014	13.19		
Jan-2013	12.73		

SRC: EIA

SRC: EIA

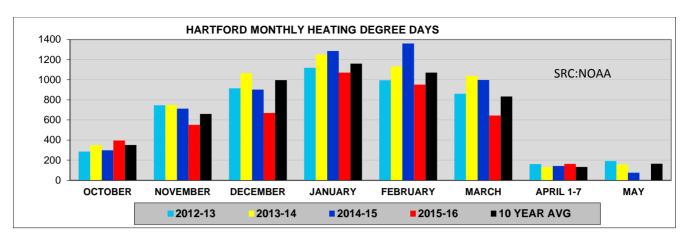
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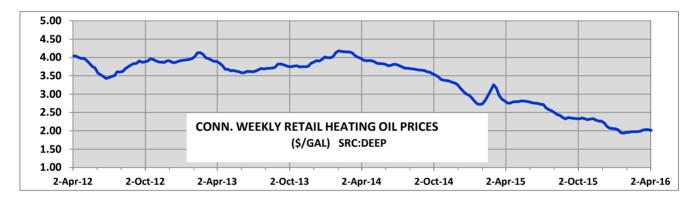
PRICE COMPARISONS of HEATING FUELS IN \$ PER HEATING OIL GALLON EQUIVALENTS (HOGES)

	CT RES NAT GAS \$/GAL HOGEs	CT HEATING OIL \$/GAL HOGEs	CT RES PROPANE \$/GAL HOGEs
Oct. '14 - Jan. '15	1.687	3.164	4.393
Oct. '15 - Jan. '16	1.572	2.189	3.798

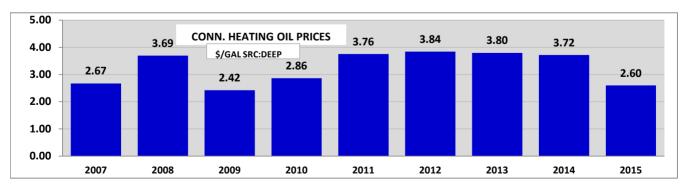
^{*} Total Cost/Kwh including generation and transmission components



Cumulative Hartford/Bradley heating degree days for July through March 30 were 14.7% lower than the 10-year average, 22.2% below last year, and 17.3% below normal. The average Hartford/Bradley temperature for the past 7 days was 41 degrees; 3 degrees below last year's average and 4 degrees below the norm. Nationally, for the week ending April 5, heating degree days were 6.3% below normal and 7.1% lower than a year ago.

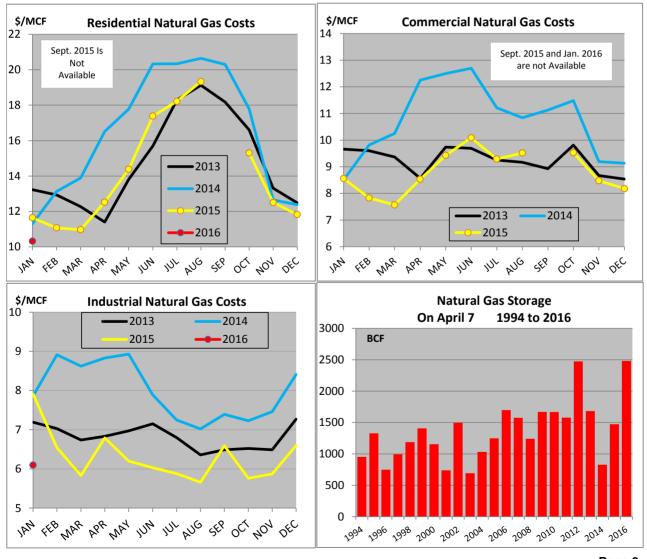


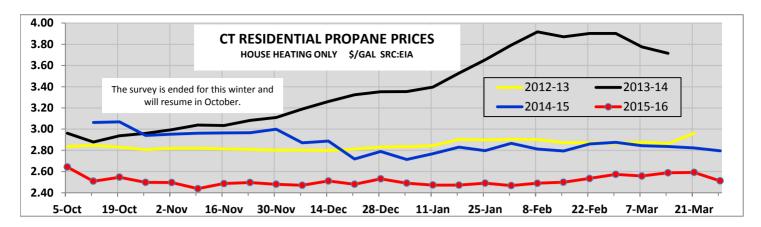
After peaking on February 3, 2014, Connecticut retail prices declined by \$1.464 (35%) through January 26, 2015. Prices had fallen to their lowest level since September 6, 2010. Colder than normal weather (February 2015 was the coldest month on record) and rising crude prices, caused Connecticut average retail heating oil prices to increase by 53.8 cents over the following five weeks. Since then, prices have ebbed and flowed with the price of crude and state temperatures. Despite warmer than normal temperatures and abundant supplies, retail prices have followed the upward path of crude oil. Prices have fallen by 1.6 cents/gal the past 2 weeks after rising by 9.6 cents over the previous 8 weeks. At \$2.014, retail prices are 74.7 cents (27%) below a year ago. For the October 2015 to March 2016 heating season, prices averaged \$2.121. This was 97.5 cents (31.5%) lower than the previous winter's \$3.09. average.



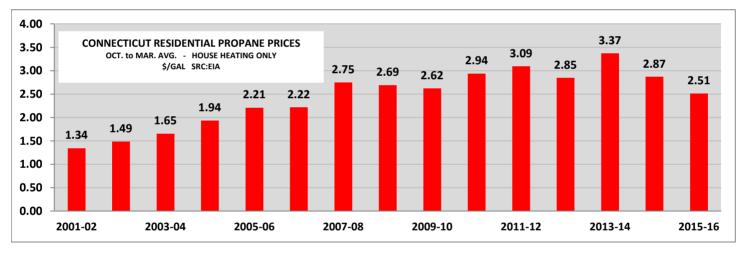
Connecticut Natural Gas \$/Mcf Src: EIA

Nation-wide heating degree days for the week ending April 1 were 21% less than the week before. Mirroring that week's temperature patterns, weekly natural gas heating usage fell. Instead of last week's 25 BCF withdrawal, the industry had a 12 BCF injection this week. With cumulative national heating degree days running 17% below normal and 18% below a year ago, cumulative withdrawals this heating season are running 33% below the 5-year average and 31% below a year ago. At 2,480 Bcf, this week's inventory level is the highest for this date. It is 68.5% greater than last year and 54.4% above the 5-year average. Inventories are on track to finish the heating season at a record high level. With abundant inventories and the end of the heating season approaching, spot natural gas prices remain near 17-year lows under \$2/MMBtu. At \$1.865/MMBtu on Wednesday, prices were 28.8% lower than a year ago. Lower wholesale gas prices are easing Connecticut retail prices. Year over year prices have been falling for the past 12 months. January residential prices were 11.3% lower than the year before. December residential prices were 4.5% lower. November prices were 1.2% lower. Commercial prices for January 2016 are not available. December prices were 10.4% lower than the year before.

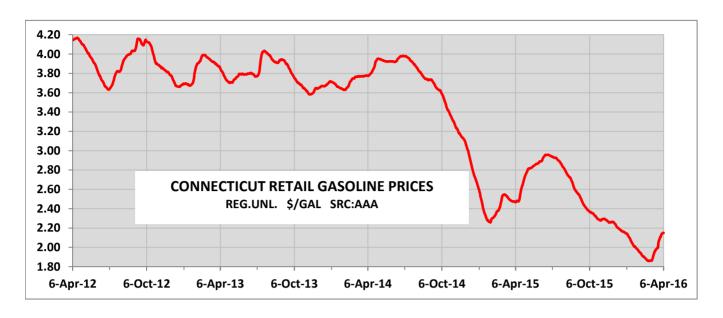




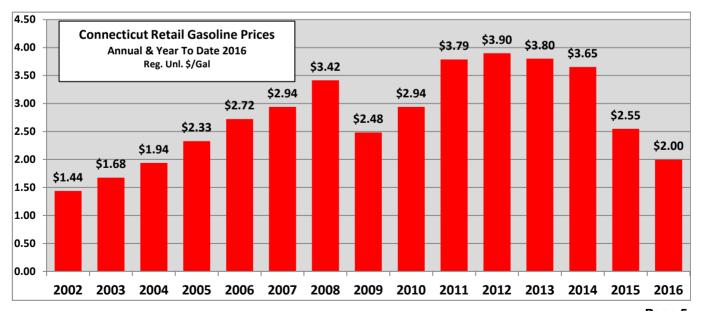
After peaking at 106 million barrels in November, propane inventories fell by 44 million barrels (41.4%) to 62.8 million over the following 17 weeks. Inventories have grown by 2.6 million barrels over the past 2 weeks. They are at a seasonal record high 12.2% above a year ago and 65.9% above the 5-year average. Spot prices fell 1.7 cents this week to \$0.428/gal. They are 9.7 cents (18.5%) lower than a year ago. The retail price survey is only done during the heating season (October to March) and has been suspended until October 3. Retail prices had fallen by 13.1 cents (5.0%) since the start of the heating season in October to the end of March. For this heating season prices averaged \$2.513 per gallon, 35.9 cents (12.5%) lower than the year before. For the previous heating season (October 2014 to March 2015), the average retail price was \$2.872/gal. This was 50 cents (14.8%) lower than the prior winter (2013-2014).

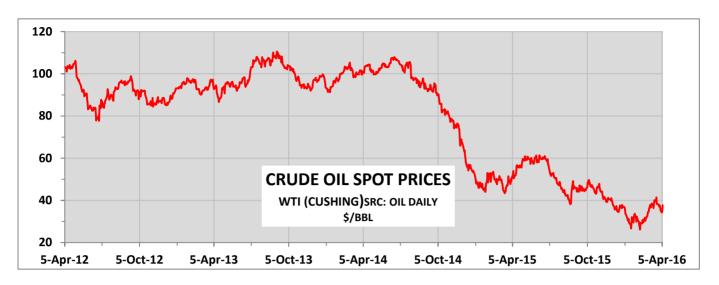




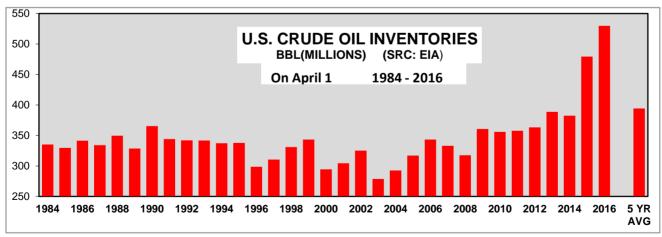


Increased driving demand and decreased production as refineries converted to summer blends lead to a 16.1 million decline in gasoline inventories between February and March. With increased production and higher imports, inventories grew by 1.4 million barrels this week. Gasoline inventories are now at a seasonal record high, 6.2% higher than a year ago and 10.8% above their 5-year average. Diesel inventories grew by 2.9 million barrels this week. They are 29.0% higher than a year ago and 41.8% above their 5-year average. Spot gasoline prices decreased by 3 cents this week after growing by 39.1 cents in the previous 7 weeks. At \$1.339 per gallon, they are 41.6 cents (23.7%) lower than a year ago. After 13 weeks of declines, Connecticut retail gasoline prices have increased by 29.4 cents over the past 5 weeks. They are now at \$2.152 per gallon, 31.4 cents (12.7%) lower than a year ago. Spot diesel prices fell by 3.5 cents to \$1.127 per gallon, 63.7 cents (36.1%) below last year. Retail diesel prices rose by 0.3 cents this week. Prices are \$2.411 per gallon, 89.1 cents (27.0%) lower than last year.





Political turmoil, supply disruptions, a fluctuating dollar, increased gasoline demand, and talks of production freezes have sent crude prices on a seesaw path the past few months. After falling below \$30 per barrel earlier this year, crude prices rose to over \$40 per barrel before falling into the \$30's. Wednesday spot prices were \$37.74 for WTI and \$37.77 for Brent. WTI was \$14.34 (27.5%) lower than the year before. Brent was \$19.17 (33.7%) lower. With increased crude flowing to refineries, falling imports, and declining domestic production, U.S. crude oil inventories fell by 4.9 million barrels this week. U.S. crude inventories are still at a seasonal record high, 10.6% above a year ago and 34.4% above their five-year average. Inventories of refined petroleum products are also near their record high. Stocks at Cushing, OK (where the WTI spot price is set) grew by 0.4 million barrels this week. They are 10.2% greater than a year ago. Worldwide, crude inventories are butting up against storage capacity limits and oil tankers and barges are being used to handle the inventory surplus.



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Average Retail Price OF Electricity To Ultimate Customers By End-Use Sector U.S. Energy Information Administration / Electric Power Monthly Cents Per Kilowatt-Hour

Connecticut's year over year residential electric prices fell for the sixth straight month in January after 27 months of increases. January residential costs were 19.86 cents per kWh (according to EIA data), 5.7% lower than the year before. December residential costs were 19.43 cents per kWh, 3.0% lower than the year before. November costs were 0.05% lower than the year before. Commercial electric costs were 15.34 cents in January, 8.2% lower than the year before. December was 3.3% lower. November costs were 0.3% greater. October was 4.4% higher. Industrial costs had year over year increases for the previous 4 months before falling in December. At 12.45 cents, December was 4.4% lower than the year before.

